THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5. 1871. [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 72

Evening Edition.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1871.

☞ *See Fourth Page, for interesting Reading*

☞ See advertisement of Templeton on this page.

Georgia Matters.

W. F. Eve was admitted to the bar at the recent session of the Superior Court of Richmond county.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

The difficulty in the First Bryan street (colored) Baptist Church in Savannah has been resumed. A minister has been ousted.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

Peaches sold in the Columbus market on Saturday at one dollar per peck. Several lewd white women arrested, charged with miscegenation with negroes.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

Judge Alfred Oliver has presented the editor of the Gazette with a pear weighing one and a half pounds. Abundant rains have fallen in Elbert.—*Elberton Gazette.*

The Board of Directors of the Memphis Branch Road met in Rome on the 1st. The old officers were re-elected. The Board are confident of success in the matter of building the road.—*Rome Commercial.*

Rev. Thomas H. Stewart, of Americus, has accepted the Pastoral charge of the M. E. Church in that place. A satisfactory meeting of the Americus and Hawkinsville Railroad was held in Americus, a few days since. The necessary amount required by charter to effect an organization was subscribed, and Mr. John H. Woodward, of Dooly county, was unanimously elected President of the Board.—*Sumter Republican.*

The revival in Cuthbert is still progressing in the colored churches. The debating club of the above town decides that the elective franchise should be extended to women. A wind storm visited Randolph county Friday last. A negro man was killed at one of the railroad workmen's camps near Cuthbert by the falling of a shanty. William Taylor entered the house of Joel Perry, last Sunday, and abstracted some clothing and a carpet bag.—*Cuthbert Appeal.*

The rumor that Colonel John Billups was dangerously ill is incorrect. He has been suffering severly from acute rheumatism, but not dangerously. Mr. John Nixon, of Jackson county, was seriously stabbed last week by a young man named Angling. Our friend Motes has gone to Atlanta, where he has bought a half interest in the established Photographic Gallery of Messrs. Kuhn & Smith. On Sunday last the night train on the Athens Branch Railroad was discontinued. *Athens Banner.*

Several merchants from Florida and Southwestern Georgia have engaged stores in Columbus. Over 300 hands are at work on the Jacksonville, Pensacola and Mobile Railroad. Columbus is to have a new steamer, a Jeffrey's engine of the third class. The ladies of Columbus are furnishing a new carpet and will repaint St. Luke's Church. Chas. A. Redd exhibits in Columbus a seven pound yam potato. Home-raised hay is forcing the Northern production from the Columbus market.—*Columbus Sun.*

Every report which has been started yet in regard to the yellow fever being in this city is without any foundation. The receipts of clean rice at Savannah, from the 1st September, 1870, to 1st September, 1871, were 21,775 casks. Yellow fever is reported as being at Beaufort, South Carolina. In a card from Dr. W. M. Walsh, addressed to Mayor Screven, he states that there has been no case of yellow fever in the Marine Hospital at Savannah, nor has he seen any case in his private practice.—*Savannah News.*

The citizens of Lumpkin, in a meeting held last Saturday, passed a resolution calling upon the City Council to pass upon the question of subscription of ten thousand dollars to the B. C. & C. R. R., and submit the same for ratification by the people. An old negro man was found dead four miles above Lumpkin one day last week. Some of the planters of Stewart county are blue about the crops, and say they won't make a half cotton crop, as planted for, and corn but little better.—*Lumpkin Telegraph.*

During the cotton year which has just closed, Hardeman & Sparks, of Macon, received for storage and sale 25,308 bales. Craig and Don Levy, of the Macon police force, arrested Sheriff Doyle, on a charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct last Friday night. The Sheriff on being released sued out warrants against the officers for assault and battery, and arrested them and put them in the quarters he had occupied the night before. They were released by Judge Cowles on giving bond for their appearance at the next term of the District Court.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

The Sheriff is causing a fluttering among the soiled doves of Savannah. Joseph Kennedy assaults Bee. Davis (both colored) with intent to murder. At the request of his Honor, Mayor Screven, all communication between Charleston and Savannah by rail has been discontinued for the present. The day train from Savannah will run as far as Ycmassee. A day train will also leave Charleston for Yemassee, for the benefit of those living along the line of the road, but with the distinct understanding that there is to be no transfer of passengers, mails or baggage to the Savannah train, until further notice, night trains have been discontinued.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

"The Hump."

A writer for the New York Evening Mail describes the latest fashionable monstrosity at the watering places:

"The 'Grecian bend' has passed away; the Saratoga wriggle has fallen into reproach; and what name shall now be given to the shoot indescribable carriage of the belles of this season? What shall be said of the new deformity which foolish women attach to their backs to impart what they consider 'style' to their costume?

"Truly the camel has some excuse for wearing a *hump*, since from it he gains both sustenance and strength to support him through long journeys; but of what use is the monstrous *hump* which Miss Airs considers as indispensable to a full-dress toilette, except it be a *cade mecum* of feeding a foolish pride!

"With face and neck both powdered and painted, with hair frizzled to the last degree of the *coiffeur's* art, with shoulders raised and brought forward, with body inclined to an obtuse angle the better to follow an obtuse head, with tunnier so arranged as to extend two feet in the rear over a court train which sweep the floor, Miss Airs, leaning upon the arm of her dear Addleplate, sets forth for promenade.

"For long mortals hours has she practiced before her mirror, and now witness the triumph of her skill in the art of walking.

"The right foot is placed forward—then follows a halt—then the left is brought suddenly up with a twitch which gives an indescribable motion to the ribbons and laces upon the hump, and causes a general flutter of ruffles and flounces, which forbids the idea of the elaborate toilette of Miss Airs ever being lost in its weary.

"To nothingunder heaven may the walk of Miss Airs, make sallies around the ball room, be compared, except to the proud strutting of the peacock as it spreads its brilliant plumage for admiration."

From the North Georgia Citizen.

The State Road Troubles.

The trials, which have been going on for the past week, in Atlanta, of railroad officials, has brought but little to light that the people did not know. There has been stealing—downright robbery of the State's money. Who did it? is a question we hope will be answered before the thing cools off. Many have been arrested, and it is quite probable that the whole clu will be before the matter is settled.

HARD TO BELIEVE.—That local of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION tells the toughest story we have herd of outside of Tennessee. He says that a gutleman changed the eggs from a patridge nst to that of a setting hen, and then put the hen eggs in the patridge nest. Both hatched, the chickens became wild, and the patidges tame. He also states that some young flying squirrels were brought to a hous, when an old cat took them out one by one, in her usual way of transporting, adopted and raised them, when they took to wing. The poor cat is almost wild about the we her pets are acting.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 3.—The Light House Board is taking prompt measures to repair all the Light Houses damaged by the recent cycleone.

The Treasury buys a million bonds Wednesdays, and sells two million gold Thursdays of September.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 3.—Sardie C. Cleland, a procuress, has been arrested for enticing nine girls to leave on the steamer City of Galveston. Two of the girls jumped overboard after the steamer had got under way.

The leaders in the movement against the City Council, known as the political reform movement, are working to secure the co-operation of all the clergymen in the State in the work. It is known that five-ninths of all the voters in the State are in the Protestant Churches. The movement originated with this class and its management has been principally chosen from it.

Cotton was generally strong during the week, with a gradual and steady advance in prices. The sales for the week reached 905,000 bales, of which 81,000 bales were for future delivery, and 95,000 bales on the spot and to arrive. Of the spot cotton, exporters took about 4,125 bales, spinners 3,475 bales, and speculators 425 bales.

Cotton receipts at all ports for the week 7,579 bales against 7,854 for last week, and 7,630 bales the previous week, and 9,453 the past three weeks; total receipts since September, 1870, 4,009,502 against 2,907,909 for the corresponding period of the previous year, showing an increase of 1,101,593 in favor of the present season. Exports from all ports for the week 12,853 bales against 8,702 for same week last year. Total exports for the cotton year, 3,164,765 bales against 2,178,917 for the same period last year. Stock at all points 99,040 for same date last year. Stock at interior towns 10,726 bales against 14,628 last year. Cotton in Liverpool 561,000 bales against 494,000 last year American cotton afloat for Great Britain 67,000 bales against 26,000 last year. Indian cotton afloat for Europe is 647,972 bales against 493,448 last year. Weather reports from the South during the week show that less rain has fallen, and in many sections it has been dry. Less complaint is made of caterpillers. Picking is progressing actively, especially in the far South. It is difficult to state the exact condition of the crop at the present time, as accounts from the South are conflicting, in some sections the reports are favorable and in others the reverse.

The Light-house Board are taking prompt measures to repair the light-houses damaged by the Cycleon.

ALABAMA.

MOBILE, September 3.—Dispatches published as coming from Mobile, stating that several vessels are quarantined with yellow fever aboard, are false. There is no yellow fever here, nor has there been this season. No such dispatches originated here.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 3.—The brig Hattie Jackson, from the Arctic ocean, brings seven men who were wrecked on the British bark Japan. Nine men lost.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, September 3.—The Kansas and Texas Railroad has been completed to within five miles of Fort Gibson.

The cotton worm has appeared on the Red River lands.

Two hundred Kansans who have squatted on Indian territory are incensing the Indians.

NEW MEXICO.

SANTA FE, September 3.—The Post, of yesterday, had the following correspondence from Lamsila:

The election excitement in this village culminated in the worst affray ever witnessed here. It is no exaggeration to say that the plaza is literally deluged with blood. At the present writing, Sunday, the 29th, it is known that seven persons were killed, while it is estimated that the number of the wounded will reach as high as thirty, of whom seven or eight will die. From 5 this evening until 6, the plaza resounded with pistol shots and groans, and for fifteen minutes of the time the firing was incessant, and it continued during the rest of the hour.

The Republican and Democratic parties had severally selected to-day as the most suitable time for the grand demonstration of the campaign, and at an early hour this morning, both parties commenced their preparations. The leaders were evidently desirous of avoiding disturbances. The respective parties formed in procession and passed each other without break. Nothing happened until the meetings had adjourned. At 5 o'clock P. M., both parties met in the plaza and exchanged different views. A pistol shot was fired, when a general fight occurred. Men, women and children hurried to their houses, but the fight was kept up.

Hon. John Lemon, the Republican candidate for Judge, was the first killed. The balance of the killed and wounded are chiefly Mexicans.

Another fight took place at Antouchico, near Los Vegas, in which two persons were killed and six or seven wounded.

The people are terribly excited here, but everything is being done to preserve peace and good order.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, September 3.—The court-martial has sentenced Ferre and Bullier to death; Urban and Trinquet to hard labor for life; Assy, Grousset, Verdure and Ferret, to deportation and confinement in a fortress, and Jourde and Nastone to simple deportation.

PARIS, September 3.—Thiers has written a letter to Larvy, requesting him to withdraw his resignation.

The decree prolonging the powers of Thiers provides for a Vice-President of the Council of Ministers to preside during the absence of the President.

In consequence of changes made in the Constitution by the decree ten members of the Ministry resigned; but resumed their portfolios at the request of Thiers.

The publication of *La Verite*, newspaper, has been suspended.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES

NEW YORK

NEW YORK, September 4.—It is reported that the President has determined to remove Postmaster Jones.

Two stabbing affrays occurred yesterday. A Ribbon man attempted to poison an Orangeman with Paris green.

An inquest over the dead body of a baby was held at Madame Vanbuskirk's house.

A man with two bullet holes behind his left ear was found in North River.

Rev. George C. Irall, Rector of Emanuel Church, has adopted the new prayer book and withdrawn from Bishop Potter's Diocese.

Officer Wilde, of Newark, was fatally injured by a gang of rowdies.

There was a fire at Rahway, N. J. Loss $140,000. A body was found in the ruins.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, September 4.—The Iron and Nail Company's stafils are burned. Loss $300,000. It throws three hundred men out of employment.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 4.—The steamer Altrion from Australia for this week is over due. The Indian troubles in South California is over. The hostile Chiefs have agreed with the Commissioner to submit the questions to the Yate tribe.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, September 4.—The weather is fine and the general opinion is that the fever is dying out. The Board of Health reports three deaths for the two days ending at noon to-day.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 4.—Smithe, a member of Parliament, presided at the Phoenix Park meeting, in sight of which followed the participants of the meeting attacking the police. Fifty police were injured. The police were reinforced and many arrests were made.

The Times has a Versailles dispatch saying that there will be no adjournment of the Assembly until the Germans evacuate the four departments surrounding Paris.

Many cases of cholers are at Dantzic, Elbing, Cablantz, Altona, Leipsig and Viena.

A bark capsised near the English coast, all were lost. A brig was capsised off Shields, all on board were lost.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, September 4.—A monster demonstration, consisting of a procession of one hundred thousand people, who held a meeting at Phœnix Park, were addressed by Smithe, Butt and Nolan. Resolutions were adopted demanding the release of the Fenian prisoners. Several collisions took place as the people were retiring. The mob was dispersed and many arrests made.

☞ Every day some newspaper tells us of a woman burned to death, and adds—"she was trying to kindle the fire with kerosene." All women who do not take the newspapers and who do take coal oil should at once memorize and sing hourly the old hymn beginning:

Poor Biddy Brown, to hasten things,
Pours oil upon the coal;
The neighbors meet at night and pray,
"Have mercy on her soul."

Courier-Journal.

☞ General Butler said in a speech the other day that Miles Standish, the old Puritan, was fortunate because he lived at a time when there were no newspapers. General Butler—as is characteristic of his arguments—mentioned only a minor point. Miles Standish's more extreme felicity was that he lived at a time when there were no Ben Butlers.—*New York Sun.*

From the Fairburn Sentinel.

PERSONAL.—Col. Acton, of THE CONSTITUTION, was in town last Wednesday. He has parted with his long white hat, but has one equally as large of a "dun" color. We hardly knew him under the shade of his new hat. Col. Acton believes in having the head well displayed.

☞ Texas will this year sell 1,000,000 head of cattle; out of Red River will be 75,000 head of cattle, 75,000 barrels of beef, 1,000,000 pounds of tallow, 225,000 of cotton, besides vast quantities of wool and hides. The crops in Upper Texas are in good condition.

☞ A Nova Scotia correspondent gives a little fragment of an overheard conversation: "What kind of a stone do you suppose they will give me when I die?" "Brimestone, of course!"

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 4.—Cotton quiet firm; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 20a20¾; sales 400 bales.

Flour quiet and heavy. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn dull and unchanged. Pork steady at $13 50. Lard steady. Turpentine dull at 50¼a51. Rosin steady at $3 15a3 20 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks firm. Gold strong 13a13¼. Governments dull and steady. State bonds dull and heavy. Money easy at 3. Exchange—long 9; short 9½.

LONDON, September 4, noon.—Consols 93⅜; Bonds 93¾.

FRANKFORT, September 4.—Bonds 96.

PARIS, September 4.—Rentes 57f 15c.

LIVERPOOL, September 4, noon. — Cotton opened firm; uplands 9¼a9⅝; Orleans 9¼a9¾.

LATER.—Cotton firm. Sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 4,000.

CINCINNATI, September 4.—Cotton—low middlings 18½; middlings 19¼. Whisky active and firm at 90. Flour dull and declining; superfine $4 50; extra $5 25 family $5 50. Corn firm and in good demand; mixed shelled 54. Hats steady with good demand; prime mixed 35a37. Mess pork heavy and declining at $12 25. Bacon dull and lower; shoulders 6¼; clear rib sides 7; clear sides 7¾. Hams steady with good demand; sugar-cured 14a15. Bulk meats dull and neglected; shoulders 5; clear rib sides 6; clear sides 6¼. Lard dull and lower; city kettle rendered 8¼. Wheat dull and lower prime red $1 16. Bagging 20.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE!

Tuesday, September 5, 1871

FIRST GALA NIGHT OF THE SEASON!

BY PARTICULAR REQUEST of the citizens of Atlanta, a few of Templeton's Star Favorites will appear for TWO NIGHTS ONLY on their way North to Baltimore City—in the greatest and most enjoyable bill of attraction every presented in this city. Ladies' Gala Night. To-morrow (Tuesday,) September 5, 1871. Fashionable performance. First time of the great London Comedy—Tom Taylor's greatest success—in three acts,

STILL WATERS RUN DEEP!

Also, Buckstone's Prize Play in three acts (to conclude the performance,)

Married Life; or, How to be Happy.

Doors open at 7½. Curtain rises at 8¼ o'clock.

General admission 75 cents. Family Circle 50 cents. Boys and Colored Gallery 25 cents. Children half price.

Reserved Seats (Phillips & Crew's Bookstore,) One Dollar. sept—dtf

Educational.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.

THIS INSTITUTION offers the accumulated advantages of over 30 years of successful operation. Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of a corps of more than 30 professors and teachers.

For circulars, apply to JOHN H. WILLARD, aug15-dim Troy, N. Y.

V. M. I.

Virginia Military Institute,

LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

THIS INSTITUTION which has been in successful operation for thirty-two years, and has supplied the South with some of its best Civil Engineers and practical business men, opens again on the 5th September. The number of Cadets being limited—300—and the Institution being kept full, early application must be made to secure admission.

Address the undersigned.

sept—d81 FRANCIS H. SMITH, Supt.

REV. B. A. BONNHEIM'S

English and German School.

WILL be re-opened on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, (4th,) in which the usual branches of an English education are taught, and in which, also, special attention is paid to the German language.

Price of Tuition is $3, $4 and $5 in advance, per month, according to the branches taught in the respective classes.

Rev. B. A. Bonnheim will be assisted in the English Department by Mrs. L. C. Scudder, the daughter of Rev. H. Bokum, in whose school her success as instructress in the English branches has been well established. aug28—dtf

ORPHANS' FREE SCHOOL.

FOUNDED and maintained by the Georgia State Lottery, will commence its Sixth Session

Monday, the 4th of September,

inst. School Building, corner of Forsyth and Walton Streets. Tuition, books, stationery, etc., free.

MRS. A. P. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

MRS. H. M. COLQUITT,
MRS. J. C. BUTLER, } ASSISTANTS.
MISS A. HOYLE

sept3-d1w

Atlanta Select School

For Girls,

Pryor Street, near Wesley Chapel.

WILL open MONDAY, September 4th. Terms $5 00. Languages and Music extra.

Payments monthly in advance. No pupil received for less than three months.

For circulars apply to
aug6-d1w O. ROCKWELL, Principal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head in series: for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; two dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law. Office over S. Phillips & Crew's Bookstore, corner Marietta and Peachtree streets, Atlanta, Georgia. P. O. Box 143. july20-d2m

PEEPLES & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law, Atlanta Ga. Office No. 94, H. I. Kimball House.
C. PEEPLES. K. P. HOWELL.
july16-d1y

DR. WM. HENRY CUMMING, having removed to Atlanta, offers to the public his Medical Services. Office over Phillips & Crews' Book Store corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets. Residence in the same building. july2-d2m

DRS. LOVE & INGRAHAM, office Powell Hall, Junction Peachtree and Broad streets, residence (and home office) corner Ivy street, near Houston, P. O. Box 142.
WM. ABRAM LOVE, M. D. E. P. INGRAHAM, M. D
feb21—d1y

DR. R. S. HILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street Atlanta, Georgia. jan7-d1f

Educational.

THE MISSES LANE

WILL OPEN A

Boarding School for Young Ladies,

IN NEW YORK CITY, ON

Wednesday, September 20th, 1871.

For reference or circular apply to Dr. J. F. Boxman, Atlanta, Ga. july15—d2m

HOME SCHOOL

FOR

YOUNG LADIES,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

Madame S. Sosnowski, Principal.

THE regular exercises of this School will be resumed on

Monday, September 18th, 1871,

Scolastic Year closing July 1st, 1872.

For circulars and further particulars apply to the Principal. aug5-d1m

University High School,

Atlanta, Ga.

—:o:—

THE Exercises of this School will be resumed in the basement of the Oglethorpe University Building, corner of Washington and Mitchell streets, on MONDAY, the 11th, of September, 1871.

PROF. J. A. RICHARDSON, A. M.,
Late of the Atlanta High School, Principal.
Terms reasonable. aug29-d1f

"ELECTIC INSTITUTE,"

Baltimore,

37 and 39 Mt. Vernon Place.

MRS. LETITIE TYLER SEMPLE.....PRINCIPAL.

THIS School will open as usual, on the 18th of September, 1871, and close June 28th, 1872. Number limited to 40. The summer session begins the 17th of April, every year, and pupils may be entered, either for the half session, closing 1st September, or for full scholastic session, closing first week in February.

For particulars apply to the Principal.
july12—deod2m

HOGANSVILLE INSTITUTE,

(MALE AND FEMALE.)

THE FALL TERM of this Institution will open on the 14th of August, and continue four Scholastic months.

Board and Tuition not to be Paid till the Close of the Term.

BOARD, PER MONTH.....$12 50.

Tuition, per Term, from.....$13 to $35.

Music upon any instrument (10 lessons per month) $20 per term.

For circular, address GEO. C. LOONEY, Hogansville, july18—d2m Georgia.

NORWOOD HIGH SCHOOL,

VIRGINIA.

Session 1871-72.

WILLIAM D. CABELL, (University of Virginia) Principal.

F. Key Meade, (University of Virginia) Instructor in Ancient Languages.

Henry A. Strode, (Math Medalish, University of Virginia, Session 1867-68) Instructor in Mathematics.

Robert L. Harrison, M. A., (University of Virginia) Instructor in Modern Languages, English, etc.

——, Assistant Instructor in Languages and English.

William L. Akers, Instructor in Book-keeping.

THIS SCHOOL will open September 20, 1871, and close June 20, 1872.

Students desiring information relative to this School, or proposing to enter, will make application at once to

WILLIAM D. CABELL, Principal,
Norwood P. O., Va.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA, May 2, 1870.

We take pleasure in recommending "Norwood School" to the confidence of the public. The Principal, Mr. William D. Cabell, is a gentleman of energy, of great moral worth, and of ripe scholarship. Under his judicious management the School, as one of Thorough Training for Boys, has achieved an unwonted but well merited success. Mr. Cabell is assisted by a Corps of Instructors, most of whom are Alumni of this University. They are gentlemen of high character, of thorough scholarship and earnestly devoted to the work of teaching.

Having had the opportunity of testing the character of instruction given at Norwood School, we do not hesitate to recommend it as a High School of the first-rank.

S. Maupin, William E Peters,
J. L. Cabell, Geo. Fred'k Holmes,
John S. Minor, R. L. Gibbes'slaeve,
P. H. Smith, M. Schele De Vere,
Chas. S. Venable, J. S. Davis.
july20-d3m

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GA.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL SESSION of this Institution will open on Monday, October 2d, 1871, with the following

FACULTY:

Rev JOHN M. BONNELL, D. D., President and Professor of Mental and Moral Science and Rhetoric.
Rev. COSBY W. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.
Rev. WILLIAM C. BASS, A. M., Professor of Natural Science.
C. SCHWARTZ, A. M., Professor of Modern Languages and Latin.
Mrs. ALICE CULLEN COBB, Assistant in Literary Department.
Miss JULIA O. SIMS, Assistant in Literary Department.
Miss LAURA J. BARKSDALE, Assistant in Literary Department, and Teacher of Calisthenics.
ALBERT N. WHITNEY, Professor of Music.
Mrs. JULIA M. WHITNEY, Assistant in Music.
Miss MARIA KING, Assistant in Music.
Miss JANE KENNEDY, Assistant in Music.
Mrs. E. T. CROWE, Teacher of Painting and Painting, and Assistant in Music.

TERMS PER ANNUAL SESSION.

☞ *Payable Quarterly in Advance.* ☜

Tuition in the Regular Course.....$60 00
Tuition in the Preparatory Class.....40 00
Incidental fee (paid by Day Scholars).....1 00
Board (including Fuel, Washing and Lights).....80 00
Latin, Gymnastics and Class-singing without extra charge.

OPTIONAL BRANCHES.

French.....$30 00
German or Spanish (each, if only one is taken).....30 00
Instruction in the Piano or Melodeon in the highest class.....30 00
Instruction in the last advanced class.....20 00
Use of Piano one hour per day.....10 00
Use of Melodeon one hour per day.....5 00
Special Vocal Lessons (private).....30 00
Special Vocal Lessons (class).....20 00
Drawing and Painting in oil, from.....$20 to 40 00
Drawing and Painting in crayon.....20 00
Instruction in Wax Flowers.....20 00
Instruction in Oil Painting.....30 00

Day pupils charged from the beginning of the month in which they enter, to the end of the term when the entrance is after the middle of the month.

For further information address the President.

C. W. SMITH,
Secretary Faculty.
aug31—d 6t sat 1

Educational.

Oglethorpe University.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to all persons expecting to patronize the University Preparatory School, that it will be opened at the usual time for the reception of pupils.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
J. S. WILSON, President
aug8—d1f Board of Trustees.

NORTH GEORGIA FEMALE COLLEGE,

IVY STREET,

Between Wheat and Line Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

FALL SESSION opens September 4th, 1871. For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply at the Book and Music Stores, or at the College.

A. J. & ANNIE D. HAILE,
july23—d2m Principals.

Martha Washington College,

ABINGDON, VIRGINIA.

R. W. JONES, M. A., (University of Virginia,) President and Prof. of Latin and Higher Mathematics.

Rev. W. G. E. CUNNYNGHAM, D. D., Treasurer and Prof. Moral Philosophy, etc., with NINE other Professors and Assistants.

THE next session will begin 4th October, 1871. The course of instruction is as complete as that of any institution in this country for Young Ladies. Instrumental (Piano and Organ) and Vocal Music taught by the most accomplished Masters; Drawing and Painting by a skillful Artist.

Buildings commodious, elegant and well furnished; grounds incomparably beautiful—situated on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, 15 miles east of Bristol, amid the mountains and mineral waters of Southwestern Virginia. This College possesses advantages of healthfulness, grandeur of scenery and accessibility rarely equalled and never surpassed.

Board and Tuition in English and Latin, for Twenty Weeks, from $85 to $105, in advance.

For Catalogue, or other information, apply to the President, or Rev. Dr. Cunnyngham.
aug18—d2m

UNIVERSITY OF

Nashville, Tennessee.

FOUNDED—1785.

THE Collegiate Department and Academy open FOURTH SEPTEMBER, 1871, under Military Discipline. Tuition—Board, washing, etc., from $150 to $175 per term.

The LAW department opens FOURTH OCTOBER, 1872. Tuition—$40 per term. Apply to

GEN. E. KIRBY SMITH,
aug27-d3w&wk1 Chancellor.

Atlanta Male and Female

HIGH SCHOOL,

JUNCTION WHITEHALL AND FORSYTH STS.

THIS SCHOOL, located in one of the most pleasant, accessible, and desirable portions of the city, will be re-opened on MONDAY, 28th of August, 1871.

A large and well ventilated Hall will be added to the present building, for the Female department, making the two departments entirely separate and distinct.

A beautiful and inviting common, so necessary and well adapted to the beautiful and athletic exercises of the students, is directly in front of the school rooms.

The Male and Female Departments will be divided into three classes: Primary, Intermediate and Classical.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.—In this division of the school will be taught Orthography, Reading, Writing, Mental Arithmetic, and Elementary Geography.

Rates of Tuition per Scholastic Month, in advance.....$3 00
With Music.....5 00
Music.....5 00

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.—The branches taught are Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, English Composition, and Familiar Science.

The instruction will be thorough and practical, causing the student to realise, in his examinations, the objects of life.

Rates of Tuition per Scholastic Month, in advance.....$4 00
With Music.....6 00
Music.....5 00

CLASSICAL DEPARTMENT.—In this department, students will be prepared for any class in college they may wish to enter. The course of instruction will embrace all those branches necessary as angles in the Collegiate Institutions of the country; Latin, Greek, French, the Higher Mathematics, together with Commercial Arithmetic and Book-Keeping.

Rates of Tuition per Scholastic Month in advance.....$ 5 00
With Music.....7 00
Music.....5 00

The several departments will be under the immediate supervision of the Principals, who will devote whatever of energy and ability they may possess, to the discipline, culture and refinement of their pupils.

The government of the school will be kind, and firm, and decided; resort to force being made only when appeals to the pride, self-respect, and honor of the student are ineffectual. Advanced classes in the Female Department will recite to the Male Principals. No deduction will be made for absence unless in case of protracted sickness. Any person not connected with the school may receive instruction in Music, at the regular rate.

W. M. BRAY, A. M., } Principals.
W. A. HANS, A. M., }
Mrs. M. E. ROBINSON, } Principals in the Female
Instructress in Music. } Department.
Mrs. W. M. BRAY, }
aug22—dtf

MERCER UNIVERSITY,

Macon, Ga.

THE next Term WILL OPEN in Macon, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1871; and the collegiate year will extend to the first Wednesday in July, 1872, with a vacation of one week at Christmas. Plans for a suite of elegant buildings are now preparing, and they will be pushed to an early completion. Very valuable additions have been recently made to the chemical and philosophical apparatus.

Tuition for the collegiate year, $100; Board, including lodging, fuel and lights, in good private families, ranges from $25 to $30 per month.

For further information apply to Professor J. E. WILLET, Penfield, Ga., until October 1st; and at all times, to Rev. H. C. HORNADY, General Agent, LaGrange, Ga.

FACULTY:

SHELTON P. SANFORD, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Civil Engineering and Astronomy.

JOSEPH E. WILLET, A. M., M. D., Professor of Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology and Botany.

WILLIAM G. WOODFIN, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages.

REV. JOHN J. BRANTLY, D. D., Professor of Theology, Belles Lettres and Modern Languages.

D. E. BUTLER, President Board of Trustees.

S. LANDRUM, Secretary Board of Trustees.
july29—d tl oct1

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Tuscaloosa, Ala.

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W. S. WYMAN, A. M., Professor of Latin.
W. J. VAUGHN, A. M., Professor of Applied Mathematics.
R. F. MEEK, A. M., Professor of English Literature.
D. S. PECK, A. M., Professor of Pure Mathematics.
GEN. GEO. P. HARRISON, Professor of Military Engineering and Commandant.
A. S. GARNETT, M. D., Professor of Natural History and Surgeon.
REV. TELFAIR HODGSON, A. M., Professor of Moral Philosophy.
W. A. PARKER, Ph. D., Professor of Greek.
J. W. GRISWOLD, Ph. D., Professor of Modern Languages.
R. T. LUPTON, A. M., Professor of Chemistry.
E. A. SMITH, Ph. D., Professor of Geology and Mineralogy.

1. The plan of Instruction adopted for the reorganization of the University, is that of Independent schools.

2. The discipline will be that of the best military institutions of the country, under the direction of the President and Commandant.

3. An application for admission into the lowest class in the Institution, must pass a satisfactory examination on English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic; and for admission into an advanced class, must satisfy the Professor in each school into which he proposes to enter, of his ability to profit by the instruction to be given.

4. The scholastic year is divided into two terms. The first begins on the first Wednesday in October, and continues to the second Wednesday in February. The second begins at the close of the first, and continues to the last Wednesday of June following.

5. The mode of instruction is by Lectures and Text Books, accompanied by daily examinations.

6. EXPENSES.—The following charges include every necessary expense per session of nine months, half of which must be paid at the beginning of each term:

Tuition.....$ 50 00
Board and Lodging.....150 00
Washing.....10 00
Fuel, Lights and Attendance.....10 00
If special Fee.....10 00
Music Fee.....5 00
Total.....$235 00

7. The additional annual cost of Clothing, Incidentals and Pocket Money, will be governed of course by the habits of the student. It is recommended that no less than one hundred and fifty dollars, in all, be supplied at each Cadet to deposit with the Treasurer (one-fifth at the beginning of each term, with the remainder in monthly payments of $10 each) for his personal expenses. A strict account will be kept of his expenditures, and they shall never be less than the cost indicated. The balance will be paid over to him at the end of the session. Cadets who may desire to make application for such deposit to defray the cost of their clothing, will be required to bring with them the usual supply of under clothing; of other clothing, he should bring only the suit he wears.

8. One Cadet from each county will be admitted free to the University, and one for Tuition, upon the recommendation of the County Superintendent of Common Schools, or some person appointed by the Executive Committee of the Board.

9. Persons desiring further information on the subject of the University, will make application to Prof. W. S. WYMAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee, at Tuscaloosa.

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The Daily Constitution.

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THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1871

Subscribe to The Constitution.

Parties spending a part or the entire season at the various springs, or other summer resorts through the country, can have THE CONSTITUTION sent to them by addressing a line to this office.

A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

The Manufacturer and Builder.

The September number of this Magazine has been received. As usual, it presents an array of able and instructive articles, all desirable to the manufacturer and artisan. It is a plain, sensible magazine, void of technicalities, and is so practical as to make it very interesting to all mechanics.

The Mosaic Magazine.

The first number of the above Magazine of Science, Literature and Art, has been received at this office. F. C. Maury, proprietor, published at Nashville. It is tastefully arranged, and contains the following excellent table of contents: Astronomy for the million; Naples and Vesuvius; Death, a Punishment for Crime; Courtship Under Difficulties; The Mt. Cenis Railway; Stray Thoughts and Sketches; Dante, a Mosaic; Bismarck, Baron Von Moltke, the Temporal Power; The Lounger. Notes; book notices, etc., etc.

Home.

The Farm and Gardner, of Augusta, of the 25th, comments very favorably upon the manufacturing resources, and other interests of the above energetic and growing city, and regrets a too limited space to speak of them in detail.

There is no doubt that Rome possesses much to make her a thriving prosperous city, and her citizens are fully cognizant of the fact, and are exhibiting that vim and energy which will bring numbers to her population, wealth to her citizens, and will give her a prominent position in the State.

The Georgia Press Speaking Out.

THE CONSTITUTION furnishes it readers today with an article—one of the clearest and ablest we have yet seen on the importance of harmony and the evil results of dissension. These latter are distinctly set forth, and also the mission of Democracy and the duty of every Democrat to stand firmly by the platform of the National Party, even though not altogether such as we would have it. THE CONSTITUTION has been laboring earnestly upon this line, and we therefore heartily welcome an ally, that puts the whole matter in so strong a light. The article is headed "The Democracy Must Harmonize," and it is taken from the Madison Appeal—a journal strongly in favor of budging not an inch from true Democratic faith, but nevertheless like a faithful sentinel of the party sees the necessity of urging harmony as the *essential* of success. Be sure to read the article!

Oglethorpe University.

This institution will open its fall term on the first Monday in October, and we have ample assurances that a considerable increase of students will be added to its matriculation roll. THE CONSTITUTION is the earnest advocate of education in all its departments and details, from the grand University which proposes to impart the higher learning, down to the Common School System, whose object it is to convey the elements of knowledge to all classes and conditions of mankind. Our columns are ever open to a full and fair discussion of all educational interests, both of a local and general character. We believe that philosophy, science and literature are inestimable blessings to any and every people, and that as journalists we cannot better subserve the public good than by a free and constant advocacy of the entire circle of our schools, academies and colleges. We are thoroughly persuaded that a liberal culture lics at the foundation of individual and national prosperity and virtue, and that no Commonwealth can become great and glorious with an illiterate population to conduct its counsels and develop its resources. We will hail with joy the day when the reign of popular ignorance shall be overthrown, and when the golden light of a broader and better lore shall irradiate the firmament of letters.

Oglethorpe College is an Atlanta institution, and has, therefore, peculiar claims upon the support and confidence of the people of this locality. The priceless blessings of collegiate education are here brought to the very doors of our citizens, and if they will but improve the golden opportunities they now enjoy it will give new energy and tone to the entire population. The poorest man in Atlanta, with a little exertion, can send his son to college, and thus fit and qualify him to occupy the highest position of trust and honor in the country. Every one knows that it is the expenses of boarding and transportation which make college bills so onerous to a majority of men. Moreover, the existence of an institution of a high order in our midst cannot fail to attract an intelligent and thriving population from every part of the land, and thus the value of town property would be greatly enhanced. We consider the material prosperity of Atlanta, in every respect, as intimately connected with the growth and success of Oglethorpe. Every merchant, mechanic, lawyer, and doctor, is directly interested in patronizing and sustaining all those institutions which are located in this city. This proposition is so plain as to require no elaboration.

In the second place we feel fully authorized to say that the professional corps of Oglethorpe ranks among the best in the whole country.

The professors have been selected not only on the ground of their general reputation as scholars, but mainly with reference to their special fitness for the several chairs they occupy.

In the third place this college completely eschews all sectarian opinions and prejudices in the practical administration of its affairs and inculcates the broad charities of literature and religion. The students are allowed to follow the dictates of their own consciences in regard to all matters of truth and duty, whilst the sound and harmonious development of their intellectual faculties and moral feelings is the great object sought to be attained at this noble seat of learning.

And, finally, we do know that the advantages and benefits of education can be shared as cheaply in Atlanta as anywhere in the South. Good board can be procured here for students, where several occupy the same room, at from 13 to 16 dollars per month, and it is the purpose of the friends of the institution, as soon as practicable, to adopt an arrangement by which the actual expenses of living can be greatly reduced.

Burke's Magazine,

The September number of the above monthly is at hand. It presents its usual array of pleasant and instructive articles. The typography of this magazine is excellent, while the variety and adaptation of the matter causes it to be a favorite with the young folks. THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION wishes Messrs. Burke & Co. every success in their commendable work of placing an agreeable, healthy and cheap monthly in the hands of the young.

Among its varied table of contents for September are: Home Chat with our Young Folks; The Young Explorer, or Boy Life in Texas; Annie's Dream; The Shell Cabinet; Fireside Comments; Song of Marion's Men; Children of History; The Three Trials; The Sunfish's Nest; The Two Marriageable Girls; Who's to Blame; The Little Flower Goodness; Pictures from Froissart; The Clio Circle; How Dew is Formed; Notices of books, etc., etc.

"Burke's Magazine for Boys" is undoubtedly good, but Burke has, at present, in this city, at the residence of Col. Magill, a complete volume, also quite attractive to the *young men.*

The Ladies Pearl.

The September number of the above magazine is freighted with its usual amount of interesting reading matter. The stories in the Pearl are always elevating and full of moral instruction.

From the Madison Appeal.

The Democracy Must Harmonize.

A few months ago, the prospects of an overwhelming defeat of the Radical party in 1872 were almost as bright as the most ardent Democrat could wish. The personal unpopularity of General Grant, who possessing the power of having himself renominated, will most probably be the Republican candidate; flagrant violations of the plainest principles of the government by the present administration, and the tendency of the government in its hands to consolidation and monarchy, placed the party in but a poor position to withstand a determined assault from the united and vigorous Democracy. The hearts of patriots everywhere were rejoicing in anticipation of the approaching redemption of the government from the hands of the despoiler and the people from their betrayers. But it is *useless to deny* that this fair prospect has been to some extent

CLOUDED BY THE DISSENTIONS

which have sprang up in the Democratic party. They have *encouraged the Radicals*, given them new energy and determination and produced a corresponding *depression in our own ranks.* All men work or battle more vigorously and bravely when they are animated by the prospects of victory, and the hope of victory growing out of Democratic discord, makes the Radical party not only relatively, but intrinsically stronger than it would otherwise have been. But we do not despair, the harmony of the Democracy must be restored. The stakes at issue are too momentous to be lost. It is conceded by both wings of the Democracy, that not only the prosperity, but the peace of the country and the very forms of republicanism depend upon the results of the next election. Radicalism means consolidation and monarchy, and monarchy means bloodshed and violence. The people, perhaps, may not awake to the dangers that surround them until the form of republicanism, as well as the substance of liberty is taken from them, but there will come an awakening and it will come if need be in blood and violence. But to prevent this, to accomplish by peaceable means, what must otherwise be done by the sword, is the immediate

MISSION OF THE DEMOCRACY.

With this great object in view we are not surprised that among the many thousands composing the Democracy there should be a difference of opinion as to the best means of obtaining success, but with the common interests involved with the fearful responsibilities that rest upon it, we are utterly astonished that the Democracy shall be split into captious factions waging fierce warfare upon each other, when the enemy is marching on to victory through those dissentions. With the question of a change of front once open, a discussion of its merits becomes inevitable, but while a calm temperate investigation cannot be avoided, there is no earthly necessity for a bitter feud, with criminations and recrimination rendering the gap wider, reconciliation impossible and

DISASTER CERTAIN.

Those who favor a firm adherence to the time-honored principles of the party are sincere in their convictions and should be willing to accord the same degree of honesty to those who think the new departure necessary. These adverse views should be met with charitable and temperate argument and not with abuse and ridicule. The great object, that should inspire every heart, is not to defeat a brother Democrat and cover him with shame and confusion, but to.

RESTORE THE UNITY

and strength of the party. This can never be done by stirring up the prejudice and inflaming the passions of the contestants, they must be brought together through the medium of reason and perhaps mutual concessions. There are some concessions that Democrats cannot make without ceasing to be such. But we doubt not but that a platform can be made broad enough for both wings of the Democracy to stand safely upon, and thus standing together, Radicalism cannot stand before it. *The coming State elections will show which is the path of victory,* and, when with the light of these elections and the tone of the people as disclosed by their representatives before it, the nominating convention puts forth a platform of principles, it will be the duty of every true Democrat to wave his personal views, should they be in conflict with the platform as thus laid down, and unite with the party in a grand and determined effort to rescue the country and democratic institutions, from those, who would trample them under the iron heel of despotism.

Commercial and Financial Review—Southern Manufactures.

No better proof of the great advantages in the South for manufacturing can be found than the growth of the Eagle and the Phœnix Mills of Columbus, Ga. These two cotton factories are located on the east bank of the Chattahoochee River, within the corporate limits of Columbus, and are built upon the sites of the Eagle and Howard Mills, burned in 1865 by the United States forces under Gen. Wilson. The Eagle and Phœnix Mill Company have since that time, with wonderful rapidity, built two mills, Nos. 1 and 2, each 220 feet long by 57 feet wide, and five stories high, pickery room of three stories height, 80 by 40 feet.

Between these mills is situated their house, 130x40 feet, in which all the goods are passed through the finishing processes. As nearly all the goods turned out are colored, the establishment has a dye room filled with the best machinery and appliances. The repairing shop and the offices connected thereto are fitted up splendidly.

These mills, desiring to supply the home trade, turn out perhaps greater variety of goods than any in the world, among which are sheetings, shirtings, osnaburgs, rope, yarns, sewing thread, denims, tickings, stripes, plaids, etc.; besides a great variety of woolens, from kerseys to a fine jeans. Their products are made exclusively for the Southern trade, and are readily sold.

The specialty of these mills is their celebrated cotton blankets, which, in beauty, softness, and real worth, stand without a rival. These blankets are cheap, in addition to those other recommendations, and hence have already gained a wide reputation; and as this company is the sole manufacturer of them, it easy to see its sales are large and increasing.

To stand upon the tremendous rock wall which protects these mills from high water, see the torrent's pour over the dam, showing an unequaled water power of wonderful cheapness, and then go through the establishment and see and hear the whiz and motion of the 21,000 spindles, there at work, and the ceaseless clack of five hundred and forty looms moving day and night, we can only be more firmly impressed with the belief that here in the South, where the climate is salubrious, where water power is plenty, where the material is at our door, and the market open without freight or costs, is par excellence the place to manufacture cottons and woolens. We predict that the time is not far distant when capitalist will emulate the example of the company cited above, and invest their money freely here, which will soon repay them handsomely, and be more potent towards establishing Southern independence than the sword or legislation. —*N. O. Picayune.*

☞ You may shrink from the far reaching solitudes of your heart, but no other feet than yours can tread them.

The Weather Reports.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 29, 1871.

Editors Constitution: I promised you a short while ago, a communication on the meteorological reports, with which we are favored daily, and which are attracting the attention and exciting the admiration even of those who are customarily casual in their observations. There is a strong disposition on the part of many intelligent persons to place but little reliance upon the weather reports. They are occasionally forced to acknowledge the accuracy of those reports, but the stride which science has made, in this matter, is beyond their credulity. They are ready to yield that this is a genuinely progressive age, but for man to presage, with unerring certainty, the locality where the storm king is busy marshaling his force; to tell almost the hour said forces are put on their errand of mercy and destruction, and the line of march they will pursue, smacks too much of the supernatural.

"The wind bloweth where it listeth, but thou can'st not tell whence it cometh, nor whither it goeth." These are inspired words, but they do not preclude the idea of man's marking the course of the winds over a certain area of country. Multiplied observations suffice to fix the drift of a storm or the movement of an ordinary rain cloud, as it has reference to certain localities. This wisely answers man's purposes, in that he reaps by the aid of science (the very handmaid of religion) those advantages and blessings which God intends he shall enjoy.

In the olden days men made prognostications of the weather by the aid of agencies then at hand. By closely observing the morning and the evenings, and phenomena which presented themselves before and after a rain, they were enabled to arrive at very sage conclusions touching the weather. We have the gist of these conclusions in the familiar proverb:

"Evening red and morning gray,
Will set the traveler on his way;
But evening gray and morning red
Will bring down rain upon his head."

To impart a small degree of interest to this communication I propose to say something of the instruments used, the date of their invention, etc.

The subject interests me very much. I have, therefore, been a close observer of "reports and probabilities" flashed to us daily from the Signal office at Washington. What I here offer you, Mr. Editor, are facts carefully collected, my individual opinion, and the learned opinions of others. I lay no claim to originality.

To Aristotle belongs the honor of having collected in his work, *de meteoris*, the current prognostics of the weather, particularly those most popular among the Egyptians. Following in his footsteps, came Theophrastus, one of A's pupils, who classified the opinions then prevalent regarding the weather, under the heads: rains, winds, storms, and fair weather. Without instruments of any kind the discussion of these subjects was pursued in a common place style. Men were satisfied, however, that nature was not governed by accidental laws. What was granted them, was, as already intimated, sufficient for their days. They lived in that age of meteorology would one day rise to the dignity of a science. It received its first impulse in that direction, when Otto Von Guericke, who in 1650 had invented the air pump (the idea occurring almost simultaneously to Rob't Boyle and himself,) invented an air-balance and glass figures used to show variation in temperature.

Then came Evangelista Fornicelli, pupils of Galileo, who gave to the world, in 1643, that invaluable instrument known as the barometer. It was, of course, projected on the simplest plan. His experiment established the fact that a great pressure of air causes the mercury to ascend, and a less pressure to descends; that a falling barometer indicates rain, and a rising barometer fair weather; that the severity of the threatening rain or storm is as the rapidity with which the mercury falls.

Otto Guericke, and others, improved Torricelli's invention, which has become more and more perfect.

It is a very pleasant, if not a very striking coincidence, that the thermometer and hygrometer, the invaluable adjuncts of the barometer, were invented in the 17th century, hand in hand with the last named instrument.

Want of space forbids my saying anything of the part taken in these interesting discoveries by Hadley, Dalton, Daniell, Humboldt and others. Let it suffice that the data afforded by these three great agencies—agencies which unite to promote man's hygeinic condition and warn him of approaching danger if he will but observe and obey—have been all the while commanding the annually increasing attention of the thinking men of the day.

The idea obtained for a considerable time that storms had their origin in the sea, and it was deemed advisable to inaugurate a system of meteorological observations at sea, that shipping and our coast might be somewhat advantaged. It was mainly due to the persistent effort of Commodore Maury, (now the honored President of the University of Alabama,) that, in 1853, a convention of the great maratime powers of the world was held at Brussels. Commodore Maury was conspicuous in that august assemblage and had the satisfaction of seeing his plans adopted and the nations promise a hearty co-operation in a work so full of good to their mutual interests.

The results of observations made at sea, in times of peace as well as war, are of the most gratifying nature. Scarcely had the system been inaugurated before it had grown rapidly in the estimation of men by reason of the saving of numbers of lives and millions of property at sea.

But for the fear of being tedious, I might present you with a number of instances wherein ships have been enabled, by heeding the monitions of these agencies, to escape most destructive storms.

A minute examination into winds, ocean currents, and other phenomena, have established the fact that storms have their origin on the land, and that the sea is but a part of their arena.

Acting upon this theory, the United States has established points of observation in various section of the country. England has a similar system. The science is receiving attention in Prussia, Russia and France. Savans have for some time been at work trying to determine the cause which affect the rainfall in the basins of the Saone and Rhone. The disastrous flooding of the last named river prompted those inquiries. The causes having been ascertained; nothing will likely prevent timely warning being given to those most interested.

The land system is not yet all it should be. It is hoped too that the same co-operation will be secured on land as on the sea. The success of the system in the United States proves the value which daily "probabilities," etc., by the Atlantic cable, would be to Europe, and *vice versa.* Just as our shipping on the great lakes and on the coast is warned of approaching storms, so vessels about to sail from the other shores of the Atlantic can be advised of storms which leave our side Europeward.

It has come to this that no man, fit to be master of a ship, need feel any grave apprehensions for the safety of his gallant vessel if he will only act in obedience to the laws discovered as governing the ocean. He may avoid the cyclone, sweeping on its errand of destruction, and not only avoid it but be sent bounding joyfully on his way.

But you ask, why is it the weather reports, claimed to be uniformly accurate, fail at Atlanta? I answer that in a common sense proposition that the face of a section of country has a great deal to do with the phases of the phenomena in question. Savannah and Charleston are points of observation; the face of the country about each of those cities is very similar; and the data obtained in either named differ materially from those obtained at Atlanta—hence it is not reasonable to expect the same atmospheric changes at each point. The average data obtained at Charleston, Wilmington, and Savannah indicate almost the same thing for each city and its vicinity. So, too, any three points, situated as Atlanta, will yield data applicable to those points, but not to the cities first named. I say this is a common sense view. I have not seen the idea elsewhere advanced, and have not had time to examine it in its depth, to see whether it be well founded or not.

Meteorology is as much a science as astronomy; then why should the predictions of the former be less accurate than the latter.

We have recently had notable instances of the correctness of the "probabilities" from the signal office, over which the accomplished General Albert J. Myer presides.

The "probabilities" for the 18th instant, were as follows:

"A severe storm is probably advancing northwestward over Florida, which will bring strong easterly winds and rain to the south Atlantic cost and northerly winds to Alabama and Louisiana."

The report for the 19th was in these words: "The storm in Florida will probably extend to Virginia by Saturday, the 19th, with increasing easterly winds along the entire Atlantic coast."

You have read, Mr. Editor, the result in the Florida, Savannah, Charleston and Wilmington papers, reporting the dates mentioned. The storm came to time and was a cyclone of gigantic proportions.

I could mention other instances in which the "probabilities" did not fail. In fact, they have not, to my knowledge, failed here about.

There should be an observatory in Atlanta and also at Macon. At the first named place, I know of no one who could so efficiently preside as Prof. G. J. Orr, and at the last mentioned place, Prof. S. P. Sanford.

Some one suggests that the "probabilities" are for a day, and that may be too short notice. My reply is, we cannot, of course, expect to reap all the advantages at once. The observations of one year compared with those of the preceeding year, and so on, will, however, compensate us for patient waiting.

It is believed that the "equatorial and polar currents of wind at any locality must ultimate balance each other," thus affording grounds for predictions extending over a considerable time.

It is recorded that "a wet summer was predicted for Britain in 1862, from the circumstance of a most unusual prevalence of east winds in the spring of that year. An almost incessant continuance of southwest winds followed, which discharged themselves in deluges of rain, clouded skies, and a consequent low temperature. The winds continued until the spring of 1863; it was thereupon predicted that less than the usual quantity of southwest winds might be expected that summer—a prediction that was fully verified.

Whilst addressing the Alabama Teachers' Association last month, Commodore Maury urged that the planters of the South ought to unite in a petition to the Secretary of the United States, invoking the calling together of the meteorologists of the civilized world for the purpose of agreeing upon a regular system of observations on land as perfect as those at sea. Planters are deeply interested in this subject, whether they recognize it or not. Let us hope that the Georgia Agricultural Society will consider the question at the adjourned meeting in Macon. With a land system perfected, we shall be saved as much on land as we have already been at sea.

What would not the great Napoleon have given to have had meteorology at his command? Had the science reached in his day its present height, who can tell but that the history of nations would have been quite differently written. Napoleon would never have been caught in the arms of his greatest enemy—a Russian writer.

Would not Galileo, if he could, return now, and repeat with great emphasis: "*The world moves!*"

Yes, it moves, and nature is every day showing her happy adaptation of means to ends. In the language of our gifted Maury, "the mountain ranges, and the deserts, which apparently yield nothing to man," are compensations. They are counterpoises. It is by the action of opposite forces that the earth is kept in its orbit, and the stars are held suspended in the azure vault of heaven, and these forces are so exquisitely adjusted that, at the end of a thousand years, the earth, the sun and moon, and every star in the firmament, is found to come and twinkle in its proper place at the proper moment."

Truly, yours, MARTIN V. CALVIN.

State Read Matters.

We clip the following from our exchanges:

From the Albany News.

We doubt if the State recovers five per cent. of the stealings, but the books are at last in the hands of honest men, and it is possible that all mysteries may be cleared up and the guilty parties arraigned for punishment. Colonel Farrow is in charge of the prosecution, and we have confidence in his integrity, boldness and manly independence to pursue it with unflinching fidelity to duty and a sternness of purpose that cannot be swerved by favor or affection, fee or reward. His mad ambition has betrayed into many curious vagries in politics, but he could no be a thief if he would, and would not if he could. He might be tempted by the glitter of office and renown, but we pity the man that would dare to offer him a pecuniary bribe.

He has announced his determination to prosecute with vigor every individual to whom can be traced a missing dollar, and his purpose to spare neither high nor low in his searching investigation. So, Bullock and Blodgett may look out for breakers, for if their skirts be not entirely clear they will not escape his corkscrew detective system of unbottling crime.

From the Newnan Herald.

Nothing has been developed, so far, which connects Mr. Blodgett with any fraud, still that gentleman displays a nervousness in his frequent letters addressed to almost every man connected with investigating the affairs of the road, which is strange, yet it may be consistent, with a burning desire to see justice done the State. It may be asked why did he not exhibit the desire at an earlier date?

We believe Attorney General Farrow will cause to be made a faithful investigation into the books of the Road, and we commend him for his determination to persecute no innocent man, but to pursue with vigor the guilty, whether humble or exalted. We are content therefore with the status of affairs, believing that there is a chance for the State to obtain justice.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 4.—Judge John McKeaney, of the Southern District of Florida, who has been North during the hot weather, returns to adjudicate the recent wrecks.

The United States Marshal reports the health at Key West good.

The President has pardoned Alfred Foster, of Brooklyn, who was convicted of selling unstamped cigars.

The Secretary of the Interior has issued an order forbidding whites to settle in the Cherokee country.

The Grand Duke Alexis sailed hitherward on Saturday.

Ten of the Warmouth delegation, from Louisiana, departed to-night. They will meet the balance of the delgation in New York, and at ten o'clock to-morrow will proceed to Long Branch to meet the President.

Letters from Vincent Collier state that his mission to the Apaches of Arizona is a failure. Cochise would not come to council.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 4.—J. D. Rymert, a lawyer and President of the Hercules Life Insurance Company, C. J. Dankle, Mrs. Georgene Dankle and J. S. Talmadge, were arrested last Saturday, by the United States Deputy Marshal, on a charge of making false representations respecting the property of certain bondsmen in a suit of the United States against Dankle, to recover forfeiture for removing an illicit distillery. To-day Commissioner Davenport held Rymert in $15,000, and Talmadge in $10,000 bail, and Mr. and Mrs. Dankle in $10,000 bail each.

The Mayor of Savannah telegraphs that there has been no yellow fever in that city this season.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, September 4.—James Legg & Co.'s Woolen Mill burned. Loss $100,000. The watchman perished.

ALABAMA.

MOBILE, September 4.—General crop accounts received here by responsible merchants say that cotton prospects in Alabama and Mississippi are very discouraging—drought in some localities, and too much rain in others; and are also suffering from worms. Planters are holding their cotton back for higher prices.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, September 4.—There were four deaths from fever during the twenty-four hours ending at noon to-day. All the cases so far have been unacclimated persons.

GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH, September 4.—A statement in the New York Herald of to-day to the effect that yellow fever exists in this city, has called forth the following from Mayor Screven:

I learn that the New York Herald of this morning asserts the existence of yellow fever in Savannah. The statement is wholly without foundation. There is not now, nor has there been, any yellow fever in Savannah the present year, and the city is free from disease of any kind and healthier than for any previous year. A retraction of the statement of the Herald, so far as Savannah is concerned, is requested.

[Signed] JOHN SCREVEN.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, September 4.—It appears that only six police were hurt, and 49 rioters arrested. Disorderly persons in the street all night singing seditious songs.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 4.—Victoria is confined to her house. A general strike of coal miners at Northumberland for higher wages is imminent. A fishing schooner foundered at Portland Frith, and five lives lost. A railroad accident occurred in northern France. Ten were killed and an immense number wounded.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 4.—The Tribune says the alacrity with which the French paid up the whole of the indemnity due on or before May 1, 1872, is explained by our Berlin correspondent. It appears the negotiations for the evacuation of France by the Germans, were complicated by the question of admitting German manufactures to France free of duty after September 1, at which date the agreed arrangement for passing goods duty free expired. The French were offered a speedier withdrawal of troops if these privileges to the Germans were continued, but they are now in a condition to demand the evacuation as a right under the treaty of Frankfort.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 4.—The Herald's special correspondent at Albacete, Spain, telegraphs: "By invitation, I accompany the King on a three week's journey through the provinces. We started on Saturday morning reaching Albacete at night. We stopped at the thirty-sixth station, where the King was received with tremendous enthusiasm. The King's speaking was of the poorest. He is receiving petitions and winning the hearts of every one. In personal conversation the King assured me that he desired Spain to be well understood in the United States and that friendship would exist between the two countries. We go to Velencia to-morrow."

Gladstone, in a speech delivered at Whitley, on Saturday, expressed joy that Englishmen can now look upon Americans as friends, and said: "We may now indulge the hope that all controversies between the people of the two countries are settled."

A mass meeting of Engineers was held at New Castle, on the Tyne, last Saturday, attended by fully 8,000 persons, at which it was determined to insist upon the arrangement of the term of labor at nine hours per day for six days in the week, or fifty-four hours in all.

A special dispatch to the Standard, from Spain, says the progress of King Amadeus from Albacete to Valencia, was one continued ovation.

An English student has fallen a victim to a foolhardy attempt to climb the Alps without a guide.

HANOVER.

HANOVER, September 4.—Advices from Arecibo report a fearful hurricane on the 22d ultimo, in the Bahamas. The American vessels Coralive, J. D. Williams and Carolina, and the English vessels Lady Bird and Nellie Mowe were wrecked. All hands were saved.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, September 4.—It is officially stated that Ministers Van Beust, Andrassy and Honhenwart will assist at the conference of the Emperors.

The Emperor of Austria leaves for Salesburg to-morrow.

CHINA.

HONG KONG, September 3.—A disastrous typhoon visited this vicinity yesterday. Twelve vessels were driven ashore. Much damage done on land.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 4.—Bismarck Bohlen has been relieved from the government of Alsace and Lorraine and promoted to the rank of General.

Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, September 4, 6 o'clock, P. M.

Business continues to improve. The tendency of the market is to a livelier development and increase of transactions. Merchants in anticipation of increased business have increased their facilities for meeting the demand, and all branches of trade have ample stocks. Our merchants deal with first hands, and buying for cash can compete with any market. The only drawback has been the unjust freight discrimination against them. But we are gratified to learn that since the union of our business men as a Chamber of Commerce this evil is fast being remedied. Merchants wishing to obtain supplies will still find Atlanta their best market.

Atlanta is a fine cotton market. The first bale of cotton was received here on the 17th ult., and brought thirty cents per pound. There is an active demand for consumption by home mills for cotton, and we quote the market firm at 17½ to 17¾c for New York middlings.

The stock of corn is being gradually reduced. We quote Western white in car load lots at 90 cents and Tennessee 85. Small lots 93a95c. There is no Georgia wheat in market. Our millers obtain their supplies from the West in bulk. The stock of oats is light and inferior at 65c. Parley and rye are in light supply and command from $1 15 to $1 25.

Meats show a better feeling. The supply of clear sides is light, and the stock of hams is reduced. There is a full stock of clear rib sides and bulk mets.

The stock of flour is ample, and the demand very good. The market shows no tendency to recede or advance.

The stock of groceries is heavy. The supply of brown sugar is very light. Meal is in good demand at 90a92c. Fair demand for staple articles at last quotations.

Fall stocks are coming in, and will be ample enough to meet the demand. Dry goods can be purchased in Atlanta at the same price as in New York. The quotation of standard prints are the same in New York and Atlanta.

Our hardware merchants have replenished their stocks, and are ready to meet the demand.

COTTON—Cotton is firm at 17¼a17½.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 04; selling 1 08. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

BONDS—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent. 70a75; do. 8 per cent. 80a85. State of Georgia bonds, 6 per cent., 78a80; do. 7 per cent., 90a92; do. 7 per cent., gold, 88a90. State of Tennessee bonds, old, 58a60; do. new 54a56. State of Alabama, 5 int. 68a70; do. 8 int. 99a1 02. State of South Carolina. 6 int. 58a60, new; do 6 int. old, 66a70. Georgia Railroad stock 1 03a1 05; do. bonds 98a1 00. Macon and Western Railroad stock 1 05a1 10. Atlanta and La Grange Railroad bonds 90a95; do. stock 93a95.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs, 30; chickens, 20a30; Irish potatoes, $3 50a4 00 per barrel; country butter 25c.; Tennessee, 22a25c.

CORN FEED—Corn Bran 1 10 per 100 lbs. Screenings 1 20 per 100 lbs. Bran 1 00 per 100 lbs. Barley meal 90 cents per bushel of 48 lbs. Stock meal 95 per bushel.

BACONS—Atlanta made, "Rohaan Brand," 9 50a5 00 per dozen.

CORN—Car-load lots 90, for Western white, and 85a90c for Tennessee; small lots 93a95. Wheat, red $1 55. Oats 65. Rye 1 25, in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 10.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides, 8½; clear rib sides, 8½; shoulders 7.

BACON—Clear sides 9½; clear rib sides 9 shoulders 8.

LARD—Lard is beginning to come down in prices, and to approximate nearer the price of bacon—Buckets 14; cans, 13; tierces 11¼a12c.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 14. Copperas, 4a4½. Epsom salts, 6¼a6. Madder, 22a25. Opium 10 50a13 00 per pound. Alum, 6a12. Borax, 45. Bi-carbonate soda, 10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20 per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a5 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 9 00a9 25. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 80a2 00; per gallon, 1 40a1 60.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole 43a48; Hemlock, good, 35a39; damaged 25a29; French calf skins 50 00a60 00; per dozen; American calf skins 30 00a39 00; Harness; leather 40a45c; upper leather 35a43c; lining skins (sheep) 6 00a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6½c; dry salted 14c; dry flint 15c.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peaches, peeled, 8a10c. per pound; rough 4c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Chewackla 70c. Hydrulic lime 55a60c per bushel. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel; French Broad cement $2 50a2 75 per barrel; James River 4 50a5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 75a80; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 4.—Cotton dull and drooping; uplands 19½; Orleans 20½; sales 1,018 bales.

Flour—Southern quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull at 93a93½. Wheat 1a2 cents better, with active export demand; winter red Western $1 40a1 45. Corn unchanged. Rice firm at 8¼a9¼. Pork a shade firmer at $13 50. Lard steady; kettle 9¾. Turpentine dull at 50¼a51. Rosin and tallow steady. Freights quiet.

Money easy at 2a3, with some exceptions at 3½. Several banks called in loans for the purpose of advancing rates. Prime paper 5a7. Sterling demoralized. Prime bankers 8¾—no buyers. Gold 13¼a13⅝; cash gold scarce. Governments steady. States dull and much easier. Tennessees 74; little change in anything else. Tennessees 74½; new 73¾. Virginias 73¾; new 69¾. Louisianas 65; new 60. Levees 71½; 8s 82. Alabamas $1 01½; 5s 68. Georgias 82; 7s 90. North Carolinas 44; new 25. South Carolinas 75; new 77½.

LATER—81s 19; 62s 14½; 4s 14½; 5s 14½; new 13¾; 7s 14; 8s 14¾; 10-40s, reg., 11¾.

NEW ORLEANS, September 4—Cotton buoyant; low middlings 17¼a18; net receipts 790 bales; gross 790; exports coastwise 1,468; sales 1,100; stock 24,991.

Flour dull; superfine $4 50; double extra $5 75; treble extra $6 90a6 25. Corn firmer; mixed 68; white 72. Oats quiet at 53. Bran $1 15. Hay firmer; prime $29; choice $30. Pork quiet; mess $14. Bacon 7¾a7¾a8¾. Sugar-cured hams 15a15½. Lard steady; tierce 10½; keg 11a11½. Sugar—common 9a9¾; prime 12. Whisky dull at 90a$1 00. Coffee nothing doing.

Bank Sterling 23½. Sight Exchange ¾ premium.

CHARLESTON, September 4.—Cotton firm; stock light; middlings 18; net receipts 58 bales; exports coastwise 66; sales 25; stock 3,533.

AUGUSTA, September 4.—Cotton firm; middlings 18; net receipts 40 bales; sales 20.

BOSTON, September 4.—Cotton strong; middlings 20¼a20½; net receipts 15 bales; gross 97; sales 400; stock 8,000.

GALVESTON, September 4.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 17; net receipts 404 bales; sales 100; stock 1,345.

BALTIMORE, September 4.—Cotton firm; middlings 19¼a19½; net receipts 128; gross 136; sales 85; stock 910.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull. Corn nominal; white 68a78. Provisions unchanged. Whisky quiet at 92¼a93.

WILMINGTON, September 4.—Cotton firmer; middlings 18; net receipts 30 bales; exports coastwise 4; sales 24; stock 620.

NORFOLK, September 4.—Cotton steady; low middlings 17¼a17½; net receipts 71 bales; exports coastwise 51; stock 319.

MEMPHIS, September 4.—Cotton firm; stock light; middlings 19.

SAVANNAH, September 4.—Cotton quiet and firm; low middlings 17½; net receipts 98 bales; exports coastwise 515; sales 25; stock 291.

PHILADELPHIA, September 4.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 19½a20.

MOBILE, September 4.—Cotton firm; middlings 18¼a18½; net receipts 187 bales; sales 25; stock 5,168.

LOUISVILLE, September 4.—Flour steady; order demand; car 55. Provisions quiet and firm, with small business. Pork $12 50; shoulders 6½; clear sides 7½. Lard 9¼a10½. Whisky scarce at 90a91.

CINCINNATI, September 4.—Flour dull and lower. Corn unchanged. Pork $12 50. Lard dull and unchanged. Bacon quiet; clear sides 7¼a7¾. Whisky in good demand at 90.

LONDON, September 4, evening.—Securities unchanged. Turpentine 36s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, evening, September 4.—Cotton closed firm; uplands 9¼a9½; Orleans 9¼a9¾. Cumberland cut 32.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE!

Tuesday, September 5, 1871

FIRST GALA NIGHT OF THE SEASON!

BY PARTICULAR REQUEST of the citizens of Atlanta, a few of Templeton's star Favorites will appear for TWO NIGHTS ONLY.—On their way North to Baltimore City—in the greatest and most enjoyable bill of attraction every presented in this city. Ladies' Gala Night. To-morrow (Tuesday,) September 5, 1871. Fashionable performance. First time of the great London Comedy—Tom Taylor's greatest success—in three acts,

STILL WATERS RUN DEEP!

Also, Buckstone's Prize Play in three acts (to conclude the performance,)

Married Life; or, How to be Happy.

Doors open at 7½. Curtain rises at 8½ o'clock. General admission 75 cents. Family Circle 50 cents. Boys and Colored Gallery 25 cents. Children half price.

Reserved Seats (Phillips & Crew's Bookstore,) One Dollar. sep4—d1t

New Advertisements.

FREEHOLD INSTITUTE,

Freehold ..... New Jersey.

A Boarding School for Boys.

For Catalogues, apply to the Principal,
sep5—d1m REV. A. G. CHAMBERS.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until Wednesday, September 20th, at 12 o'clock, M., for Building a Police Station House and City Offices, according to Plans and Specifications to be seen at the office of Perkins & Allen, Kimball House. The right to receive or reject any and all bids reserved by the city.

C. P. CABBI

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1871.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Col. G. W. Adair will sell some valuable South End property, and a house and lot on Whitehall street at the City Hall to-day.

A new and elegant cottage on College Hill is offered for sale or rent.

The Hall occupied by the Concordia Association is for rent.

The tax payers of Atlanta are requested by Capt. Thomas to walk up to his office and settle.

Professor Sharp and lady have returned to Atlanta and propose to teach vocal and instrumental music.

Alderman C. P. Cassin, Chairman of the Building Committee, advertises for sealed proposals for building a Police Station House.

The Law School Lectures in the University of Virginia, begin October 1st.

For catalogues of the Freehold Institute, a Boarding School for boys, address Rev. A. G. Chambers, Freehold, New Jersey.

That fine picture, the "Confederate Note Memorial," can be had of James Saunders, picture dealer, on Peachtree street.

James Hunter, Sheriff of DeKalb county, announces Sheriff sales for October.

A. M. Perkerson, Deputy Sheriff of Fulton county, announces Sheriff sales for October.

TO RENT.—The hall and rooms now occupied by the Concordia Association.

NORTH GEORGIA FEMALE COLLEGE.—This Atlanta Institution opened its fall session yesterday, with sixty pupils.

POSTPONED.—The preliminary examination of N. P. Hotchkiss, before Justice Johnson, has been postponed until the sixth of October.

PAY UP.—The attention of tax payers is directed to the card of John Thomas, Receiver and Collector. Dont delay so important a duty.

SOUTH END PROPERTY.—Col. G. W. Adair will sell at the City Hall some valuable South End property, and a neat four room cottage and lot on Whitehall street.

FREEHOLD INSTITUTE.—The Freehold Institute is a Boarding School for Boys, located at Freehold, New Jersey. We call attention to the advertisement in another column.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—The Lectures at the Law School, in the University of Virginia begin on the first of October. This is an old and established institution. See card.

RELIGIOUS.—Interesting services will continue at the First Presbyterian Church, on Marietta street, during the week. Prayer meeting every morning and preaching at night at 8 o'clock.

BALL TO-NIGHT.—The members of the R. E. Lee Fire Company give a ball to-night at the City Hall. The boys want to raise funds to help them build an engine House. Go and enjoy yourself at the ball and at the same time give the boys a lift.

A FAIR IN CONTEMPLATION.—All the members and congregation of First M. E. Church are requested to meet at Wesley Chapel to-morrow night, at 8 o'clock, to make arrangements for the fair to be held for the benefit of that Church.

THE FICKEN HOUSE.—Board can be obtained at the Ficken House, which is centrally situated, at the lowest price for cash in advance. The rooms are large and airy and the table supplied with the best the market affords.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE.—This Institute, located at Lexington, Virginia, which has been in successful operation for thirty-two years, and has supplied the South with some of its best Civil Engineers and practical business men, opens to-day. The number of Cadets is limited to 350.

A CARD.—Having dissolved my connection with the Young Men's Library (to take effect on the 15th instant,) I beg to return my thanks to the members and others for various courtesies received during the past three years. Respectfully, etc.,

C. Hanner, Librarian.

HEBREW AND GERMAN SCHOOL.—The Rev. Mr. Bonnheim commenced his school yesterday with 40 scholars. It seems that quite a number have been attracted to this school by the facility it affords for acquiring not only the English branches but also the German language. Mrs. S. C. Saudder, who assists Mr. B. in the English department, will also give instructions on the piano

PERSONAL.—Prof. George O. Robinson, of Savannah, is expected in our city to-morrow. Music has been the profession and labor of his life, and admirably has he succeeded. The citizens of Charleston, Augusta, Savannah and other cities would gladly testify of his great worth as a teacher of instrumental and vocal music. As an author he is widely and favorably known. It is fondly hoped that Prof. R. may be induced to locate among us, as inducements are certainly not wanting to influence him to this course.

CITIZEN.

THE CITY CARTS.—We are requested by Alderman McLendon, Chairman of the Street Committee, to state that he has no control over the street carts. The Council, by an almost unanimous vote, (Aldermen Lowry and McLendon dissenting,) divided the carts and placed them in charge of the members of the Street Committee in the respective Wards. Persons having requests or complaints to make will apply to the member in his ward—Cassin from the First, McLendon the Second, Grubb the Third, Finch the Fourth and Rice the Fifth.

FIRST GALA-NIGHT OF THE SEASON.—Some of Templeton's favorite artistes will open the theatrical season at DeGives' to-night, and will present, for the first time, the Great London Comedy of "Still Waters Run Deep." The performances will conclude with "Married Life, and How to be Happy." The great favorites, Alice and Isabel Vane, Clara Wildman, F. J. Wildman, and John Templeton will appear in the leading characters. A rich entertainment may be expected. As they appear only for two nights, our theater-going friends would do well to go to-night.

REV. DR. SHAVER, D. D.—The last number of the Baptist, published at Memphis, says:

"The Sunday School Board, of the Southern Baptist Convention has unanimously elected Rev. Dr. Shaver, of Atlanta, Ga., editor of the Index and Southwestern Baptist, Corresponding Secretary, to succeed Dr. Teasdale, who has resigned.

"We congratulate the Board and denomination upon an election which augurs well for the future usefulness and influence of this important instrumentality of the Southern Baptist Convention; and we hope Dr. Shaver will accept the position."

We hope Dr. Shaver will do no such thing, unless they permit him to remain in Atlanta. We don't propose to give him up.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Y. M. L. A.—The regular monthly meeting or the Young Men's Library was held at the Rooms yesterday afternoon. Vice-President R. Y. Clarke, presiding. The following directors were present: Messrs. G. H. Hammond, Henry Jackson, W. T. Newman, M. H. Sisson, M. J. Clarke, D. G. Jones, B. B. Crew, Sidney Dell, and J. T. Glenn.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, and the election of a number of new members, the resignation of Charles Herbst, Librarian, was read and accepted. A highly complimentary resolution of thanks to Mr. Herbst for his efficient services in behalf of the Association was unanimously passed. The Board then adjourned until next Monday afternoon, at which time an election will take place for Librarian.

SENATORIAL DISTRICT COURT.—The 35th Senatorial District Court met yesterday morning. Judge Samuel Lawrence and District Attorney Irwin were at their posts, ready to discharge their whole duty to the State and the people.

Sarah Wilson plead guilty to the charge of vagrancy. Judge Lawrence made an arrangement with the Ordinary by which the prisoner could be sent to Selma, Alabama, where she states she has friends.

Missouri Todd (col.) was found guilty of larceny from the House, and sentenced to pay a fine of $30 or be imprisoned in jail thirty days. She was ably defended by the Messrs. Thrasher.

Nellie Ferrell was found guilty of receiving stolen goods from Missouri Todd, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 or be imprisoned ten days.

The case against Edward Ferrell for the same charge was nolle prossed.

The case against Jacob Hopp for trespass was nolle prossed.

IS IT TRUE.—Current rumor on the streets reports that Colonel H. F. Farrow, Attorney General of the State of Georgia, not only draws his regular salary for his services as such, but also an additional salary as attorney for the State Road. It is likewise rumored that Colonel F from became vexed with Major Charles P. McIlath, General Book-Keeper of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, because the latter refused to pay him (F.) balance of salary out of the Conscience Fund.

The Attorney General owes it to the people of Georgia as well as to himself to inform the public whether there is any truth in these rumors, and if he has been drawing double pay, the character of services performed as attorney for the State Road. The Treasurer of the road, (L. P. Harris,) testified that he found the duties quite light since the lease!

ATLANTA POMOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The Society met at the usual hour on Saturday, President Wallace in the chair.

NEW MEMBERS.—Colonel G. W. Adair, Alexander Brangdon and T. H. Williams, were elected active members, and Dr. S. H. Stout, honorary member.

STANDARD WORK.—Moses Cole, the Secretary, reported that he had purchased from John Wiley & Son, Publishers, a copy of Downing's Fruits and Fruit Trees of America, at a greatly reduced price, for the benefit of the Society.

PRESIDENT PRO TEM.—Col. Wallace having to leave, Col. R. Peters, President *pro tem.*, presided.

COMMUNICATIONS.—The following letter was read and referred to the Corresponding Secretary:

LAGRANGE, Ga., August 31, 1871.

Col. J. R. Wallace, President, etc.: Permit me to express my gratification at the organization of the Atlanta Pomological Society, of which you have the honor to be President. This I regard as an important move and hope that an impetus will thus be given to the culture of fruits in this section which will add largely to the comfort and luxury of our people. I send specimen apples grown upon my lot in this city, name unknown, but a good variety for cooking and eating purposes.

JOHN E. TOOLE.

REPORT ON FRUITS.—The report on fruits, as prepared by the reporter of THE CONSTITUTION and published in this paper, was adopted by the society, the secretary of the committee having been absent and not preparing any report.

REMARKS ON FRUITS EXHIBITED.—P. P. Pease exhibited fine specimens of the orange quince, L. Bonne de Jersey and Vicar of Winkfield pears.

W. Jennings exhibited specimens of the Beurre Dangoulems Pear, Jujube plum, the first ever raised in this climate, and the Long Grape, a Virginia seedling and a late bearer, coming in after all the others are gone.

W. P. Harden presented, for J. N. Russell of Cobb county, specimens of the Chattahoochee Greening apple, a seedling of the Shockley, Father Abraham or Buncombe, and aurora boralis (seedling) and an unknown apple.

N. B. Harden exhibited specimens of the Chattahoochee Greening and Yates apples. The latter were injured by the hail.

Col. R. Peters exhibited fine specimens of the Bartlett Pear. This, the most valuable of all pears, has been on exhibition for five or six weeks, and is still in good eating order. The Beurre Dell, a good fall variety is just coming in. It stays in season a long time. The trees were originally dwarfs but are now standards. A dwarf becomes a standard in eight or ten years by throwing out pear roots just above the point of insertion in the quince stock. The dirt should be banked up about four inches above the collar. Pear trees are now in full bearing in England that were flourishing in the days of Oliver Cromwell. Mr. Peters obtained his pear trees from Mauge of Augusta, who imported them from Paris, and they were grafted in 1851.

Duchess D'Angouleme does well on quince stock, of fine flavor, and ripens continuously.

Henry the IV, small in size, in season for five or six weeks, juicy and melting to the taste. Ons objectionable feature is that it sheds its leaves, which causes it to bloom the second time. An orchard near University Hill is now in bloom. White Doyenne is the same as the Virgalieu.

The Seckle is still in season.

A specimen of Winter Nellis exhibited is premature. It ripens in January.

The Tyson has been in season three or four weeks, and is valuable.

The Belle Lucrative ripens a little later, and is never stung by the moth, doesn't shed its leaves, bears every year, and ripens continuously. For eighteen years Mr. Peters' pear trees have borne fruit.

The Van Mons, or Leon le Clerc, is a winter variety. The specimen exhibited is small. A pet squirrel buried a walnut at the root of the pear tree. The walnut grew undisturbed until it sapped the pear tree.

The Orange Quince is the best for cooking.

Colonel J. R. Wallace exhibited specimens of the Belle Flower Apple, Bonne de Jersey Pear, and two varieties of Peaches.

T. G. Rawlins exhibited specimens of the Lawrens Pear, from South Carolina. It is a vigorous tree, with heavy foliage, medium size and ripens in the fall, and of the Buffum Pear.

A. L. Harris sent a specimen of the Chinese Quince. Inferior in size and premature.

Samuel Horn, Esq., of Putnam county, sends a Bartlett pear, weighing seventeen ounces.

Mrs. Nathan Massey presented the Society with branches from her June Apple trees.

J. Ormond, Esq., said that his experience was "that peaches raised after this month wasn't worth a cuss."

Moses Cole remarked that he found a peach growing on his place when he purchased it, that is large, tender and juicy, a cling and a late variety, which he would introduce next season.

Society then adjourned.

"TRUE MANLINESS."—It having been announced that Rev. Dr. Brantly would, on Sunday evening last, deliver a sermon to young men on the above subject, the Second Baptist Church was filled at the appointed time with an intelligent and critical congregation. The text was simply these grand words:

"SHOW THYSELF A MAN."

being the advice of the dying David to his son Solomon. The speaker gave a graphic description of the personal of the young Prince, and spoke of the temptations besetting one of his rank to lead him from the path of true manhood. If this portion of the Old Testament had ever before seemed dry and uninteresting, we venture to assert that it will be read again with unusual pleasure. Dr. Brantly then proceeded to speak of the various ideals of "the perfect man." Sporting characters consider the well developed "prize fighter" a specimen of "true manliness," some the daring soldier, and some the cavalier. The comparisons between these physical prodigies and the true man indeed, he who had conquered his passions and appetites, and proved the master of himself was indeed striking

The eloquence with which the gifted speaker finally portrayed his Divine Master as the only model man that ever appeared, was powerful and sublime. This was not the first time that we had heard the Savior of men held up a model for all men, but rarely have we heard it done in so convincing and impressive a manner. Rarely has such a strong and effective sermon been compressed in so few brief, striking words. If anything could have added to the deep impression made by this remarkable address, it was the fact that this eminent minister is so soon to take his final departure from this city. His closing remarks were therefore deeply affecting, causing many of his more than usual tears at listening to these among the last admonitions of their beloved pastor. Referring to the fact of his early departure from Atlanta and the possibility of his never addressing them again, he urged the young men with unusual tenderness to consider from to the model of "the only true man." Surely Dr. Brantly leaves behind him a monument in this sermon to young men, and when he goes from us, we can say of him what an eminent writer said of Walter Scott, that "wherever he goes he takes the life of a true man along with him."

ORGANIZATION OF THE FOURTH BAPTIST CHURCH OF ATLANTA, GA.—JAMES' CHAPEL, WEST END, GA., SEPTEMBER 3, 1871.—Upon invitation of the Baptist brethren worshiping at James' Chapel, West End, Ga., a council comprising brethren from the three Baptist Churches of Atlanta, met to aid in the organization of the Fourth Baptist Church of Atlanta.

Rev. W. T. Brantly, D. D., was elected Moderator, and Dr. W. T. Goldsmith, Secretary. Prayer by Rev. H. F. Buchanan, of the council. Delegates from the three Baptist Churches, of Atlanta were present, as follows:

First Baptist Church—Rev. E. W Warren, A. K. Seago, A. B. Sharpe.

Second Baptist Church—Rev. W. T. Brantly, Dr. J. W. Bozeman, J. H. Callaway, J. H. James, W. M. Janes.

3d Baptist Church—Rev H. F. Buchanan, Turner Goldsmith, Wm. T. Goldsmith, Thos. J. Buchanan, W. L. Ltanton.

Ministering brethren present were invited to aid the Council, which invitation was accepted by Rev.'s H. C. Hornady, F. M Daniel, and E. C. Gordon.

Council was then declared organized. The Church then presented Covenant and Articles of Faith, which were read. The Covenant being objected to by the Council, it was referred to the Church for revision, which being done and amended, was received with the Articles of Faith as satisfactory.

On motion of Rev. E. W. Warren, the Council then, by vote, unanimously recognized the Fourth Baptist Church as of the same faith and order of Sister Baptist Churches.

After singing, prayer was offered by Rev. H. C. Hornady.

The Church was then welcomed into the Baptist Church family of the city and State by feeling and appropriate remarks by Revs. E. W. Warren, H. C. Hornady and W. T. Brantly, after which the Council adjourned.

W. T. BRANTLY, D. D.
Moderator.

W. T. GOLDSMITH, Secretary.

PERSONAL.—Col. E. F. Hoge is attending Catoosa Superior Court.

Solicitor General E. P. Howell is attending Clayton Superior Court.

Colonel L. P. Grant, our esteemed fellow-citizen and the efficient Superintendent of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, has returned after a visit to the springs in North Georgia and Virginia.

Judge J. W. Green, Col. Steadman, Hon. S. Barnett, and Hon. Joel C. Fain were at the Kimball House last night.

Ralston, the fascinating telegraphist, has gone to Rome. Hope he will bring him back.

HIGHLY ACCEPTABLE.—The Young Men's Library has been presented with four elegant volumes by the gifted author, Col. Charles C. Jones, Jr., of New York. The works are entitled: "The Monumental Remains of Georgia." "Sketches of Tomochichi." "Reminiscences of Gen. Henry Lee." "A Historical Sketch of the Chatham Artillery, During the Confederate Struggle for Independence." These are valuable additions to the library.

Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Association.

The Approaching Fair.

Premium List $10,000.

Accommodation for 25,000 Visitors.

To the North, Northwest, West, East and Northeast of Atlanta is an extensive territory, comprising the grain and grass region proper, of Georgia, and many thousands of the best agricultural population of the State, who would not find it convenient or practicable to attend the State Fair at Macon, an hundred miles South of this. The spirit for agricultural progression in the sections named, demanded a Fair convenient of access, and the central location of our city, with her magnificent Fair Grounds and her superior convenience, renders her of all cities in our State, the most eligible for the holding of Agricultural and Industrial Fairs.

"OGLETHORPE PARK,"

the City Fair Grounds, has been fitted up by heavy expenditures, and is, at all points considered, the best equipped Fair Grounds in the State. It lies about two miles from the General Passenger Depot of the city, is connected with the city by a double track railway, and trains run to and from the grounds at intervals of one-half hour on the days of the Fair. The stock and cattle stalls and exhibition halls are not surpassed in convenience or construction by those of any Fair Grounds in any section of the country.

OUR CITY

is itself a center of attraction for visitors. When it is remembered that in 1865, at the termination of hostilities between the North and the South, Atlanta was a scene of desolation—her manufactories, business houses, railroad shops, and the residences of her citizens laid in ashes—the fine appearance she presents at present will awaken in the mind of the visitor a tribute of admiration for the enterprise that has restored her desolation, built up the waste places, and placed her on higher ground in wealth and commercial importance in so brief a time than she could boast previous to 1860. Her population is about doubled; she has made many important improvements; she has a hotel not surpassed by any in America; street railroads are now building; different railroads terminate here, and two others, perhaps three, will be added very soon; the Legislative Assembly, and the attendants on the Supreme and United States Courts, bring thousands of visitors; Atlanta is the market and the distributing point for a large portion of Georgia, Alabama, and Tennessee, and with the same unexampled energy that has characterized her career for the six years past, what may we not anticipate for her in a few more years?

Rome Fair begins October 10th and closes on the 14th.

Atlanta Fair begins October 16th and closes on the 20th.

Macon (State) Fair begins October 23d and closes on the 27th.

Augusta Fair begins October 31st and closes November 4th.

Each Fair can be tributary to the success of the other, three, and such is the spirit that actuates the Atlanta Association.

PREMIUM LIST.

The Premium Lists foots up ten thousand dollars.

HALF FARE RATES.

Arrangements have been concluded with most of the railroad companies whereby passengers and freights will be brought to the Fair and returned at half rates.

ACCOMMODATIONS.

Ample provisions have been made for the accommodation and comfort of over 25,000 visitors.

FACTORIES.—The growing prosperity of Atlanta is evinced by the increasing spirit of enterprise that is manifesting itself daily. Energy and enterprise have made it what it is, and had built up a prosperous city even before much capital existed. Now that money and means have become more abundant, and capital has accumulated, the strides of the city in the march of prosperity have become accelerated, and Atlanta bounds forward with tremendous power. The increased activity of Atlanta is particularly manifested in the greater growth and expansion of manufacturing enterprise.

The progress of our city must be onward, for it has passed the point of retrograde; but her prosperity will be vastly enlarged by the investment of capital in manufactures, and Atlanta ought to become a great manufacturing city. We, therefore hail with pleasure every evidence of interest and endeavor in this direction.

Among the most important enterprises is that of Southern School Furniture, manufactured by W. A. Slaymaker, at the corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets. The machinery used is of the most improved kind, and the finished appearance of the work evinces not only skill in its manufacture, but the perfect adaptation of the machinery to its purposes, in which respect Mr. Slaymaker's appliances are not excelled North or West. The forms are new, and the alternation of ash and walnut makes the furniture not only strong and serviceable, but unique and beautiful. There is no call to expend the additional cost of freight in manufactures when we have a cheaper and better article at our very doors.

This furniture presents a strong claim upon our people, because it is unsurpassed for convenience, beauty, durability and cheapness, and is made in our midst. The amount spent for this furniture is not taken from general circulation here and sent North or West.

ATLANTA SHOE FACTORY.—Yesterday we paid a visit to the Atlanta Shoe Factory, on Peters street, of which our energetic friend C. R. Brumby is proprietor. We were shown through the factory by M. M. Humphries, the Superintendent, and witnessed the *modus operandi* of making shoes, from the first to the last operation. The upper leather is cut out by patterns the size required, and after stitching and closing on the closing machine, is bound on the binding machine. An eyelet machine, self-feeding, puts in the eyelets.

A slide of sole leather is placed on the stripping table, and the leather cut off for soles the right length for the sizes required. It is then placed in the rolling machine, and rolled firm and compact. Next it is placed on a cutting block and cut out exactly to fit the shoe by dies numbered to correspond with the size of the shoes. There are dies for half soles and for heels. The upper leather being lasted, the sole is tacked on, and the shoe placed on the pegging machine. This ingenious contrivance with a knife cuts a peg off of a thin slip of wood at every revolution, and with an awl punctures the leather and a hammer drives up the peg. The operator informed us that he could peg twenty pairs of shoes per hour on the machine. The shoes are then taken to the head blocks heeled and finished off.

Mr. Brumby is turning out large numbers of shoes for men and women, daily, of several classifications, but all of them of the best material and well-made.

We congratulate our city upon having such an institution in her midst.

The shoes are of a subst antial character, and suitable for every day life on the farm and in the country.

Phillips & Crew are prepared to supply School Commissioners and Teachers with all Books adopted by the State Board of Education, at introductory rates (one-half retail price,) for cash only.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

THE H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE, SEPTEMBER 4.

10½ o'clock P. M.

Crittenden & Co., Proprietors.

G Nicholson, Canton, J D Sleight, Ill, S E Bachman, Ohio, H J Norton, U S A, H C Hornaday, Augusta, F W Anderson, city, L J Hill, city, J B Bridnes, city, J G Schaefer, city, J G Stokes, Montgomery, N W Lindmon, Macon, L Galtzmon, N Y, T H Smith, Washington co, D Gage, Cartersville, S Kaul, Columbus, J Snead, M A Richards, " S H Hall, J B Cook, city, Gen T L McComb, Ala, W H Pope, city, W Willingham, Ky, M Prienberg, Augusta, A J White, Macon, F Phinizy, Athens, M Vason, Albany, J J Carter, Ala, S H Lamphkin, Tenn, W W Gordon, Ga, J B Griffin B a A R E, J Winston, Ala, J Cowart, Rome, W M Mitchell, Ala, S J Boyce & d, Tenn, J Cotter, Miss, S Walker, N O, O H Bride, " A C Weston, N Haven, H G Cooper, " Miss N Cooper, " A J Hamilton, N Y, J R Boyston, S C, J Cotter, Miss, R W Banis, Ala, Mrs Powell & s, N C, J M Townsend, Augusta, Rev H H Hornidge, Ga, M S Roberts, Ga, M Kramer, Newnan, J A Burnett, w & servt, Ga, Mrs L Y Dupree, Ga, Miss Parks, Newnan, B J Bridges, " L S Mundord, Ga, B G Lockett, Ga, A W Sibbey, Augusta, J A Dozier, " H Peck, d L Pierson, Charley Lynes, H Hardin, S L McCampbell, T A Flynn, Chas Hilliard, Neal Flynn, E S Cross, Henry Robinson, E Z Turner, O A Smith, W H Bolle, J B Holmes, J A Isenhower, and Wesley Hardinett, ve the said Rondeau & Co. Levies made by Maj Z Smith, and J T Loveless, L Cs, and returning to me. August 7, 1871.

A. M. PERKERSON,
Deputy Sheriff.

August 8, wtds-printer's fee $2 50 per levy.

Fulton Sheriff's Sale for September Term, 1871.

WILL be sold, before the Court-house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

All that part and parcel of land, lot No 43, in the 14th district. The part so levied on is in ward 3, fronting on Love street, in the city of Atlanta, containing 1¾ acres, more or less, and adjoining the property of Noble & Bro. Levied on as the property of Phillip Grosvere, to satisfy a State and County tax fi fa for his tax for the year 1870.

Also, at the same time and place, the east half of lot of land, No. one hundred and fifty, in the seventeenth district, of originally Henry, now Fulton county, except two acres in the southeast corner of said lot, levied on as the property of Ira R. Foster, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court, in favor of N. H. Fowler, Treasurer of Fulton Loan and Building Association vs. Ira R. Foster, property pointed out in fi fa., August 3, 1871.

Also, at the same time and place, one lot of land lying and being in city of Atlanta, and known as land lot No. (76) seventy eight, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, and known in plan of said city as lot 114, fronting fifty feet on Walton street, running back at right angles along the lines on either side of said lot one hundred and forty-six feet seven inches to an alley, bounded on northwest by Simmons' lot, on east by Cox & Bro's lot. Levied on as the property of E R Sasseen, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of Oscar Chrisman, issued from Gordon Superior Court against R & J Sasseen.

Also, at the same time and place, one-third undivided interest in the following lot of land, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, to-wit: 55½ acres, more or less. Three and three-quarter acres of said 55½ acres, more or less, out of the southwest corner of lot number (76) seventy-five, and fifty-one and one-quarter acres, more or less, off the northwest corner of lot number seventy-six (76) all in the plan of said district, and known as the Bomar place. The other two thirds undivided interest being the property of the heirs of Patrick and Henry Gardiner, and now occupied by Michael Gardiner and the said heirs. said undivided one third interest levied on as the property of Michael Gardiner, by virtue of the following fi fas—one in favor of Peter Gray vs. Michael Gardiner, issued from the Justices Court of the 1025th District, G. M.; one in favor of Robert Brown vs. Michael Gardiner, issued from the Superior Court of Fulton county, and one in favor of Vinsey Brown vs. Michael Gardiner, issued from the Superior Court of Fulton county. Property pointed out by Jno. Milledge, Jas. plaintiffs Attorney. August 7th, 1871.

Also at the same time and place, a city lot, containing one half acre, situated on the corner of Harris and Butler streets, in the 4th ward of the city of Atlanta, together with the building on said lot, known as Rondeau & Co.'s furniture manufactory, and all the machinery thereto attached. Levied on as the property of Ron eau & Co., by virtue of and to satisfy eighteen mechanics' lien fi fas, issued from the Justice's Court of the 1,234th district, G M, in favor of the following parties, to wit: J M Douglas, S S Middleton, John Brumbale, H Peck, J L Pierson, Charley Lynes, H Hardin, S L McCampbell, T A Flynn, Chas Hilliard, Neal Flynn, E S Cross, Henry Robinson, E Z Turner, O A Smith, W H Bolle, J B Holmes, J A Isenhower, and Wesley Hardinett, ve the said Rondeau & Co. Levies made by Maj Z Smith, and J T Loveless, L Cs, and returning to me. August 7, 1871.

A. M. PERKERSON,
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All that part and parcel of land, lot No 43, in the 14th district. The part so levied on is in ward 3, fronting on Love street, in the city of Atlanta, containing 1¾ acres, more or less, and adjoining the property of Noble & Bro. Levied on as the property of Phillip Grosvere, to satisfy a State and County tax fi fa for his tax for the year 1870.

Also, at the same time and place, part of land lot number 77, in the 14th district. The part so levied on is in ward 1, block 33, front ng on Harris street, in the city of Atlanta, containing 38 by 200 feet, more or less, and adjoining the property of V A Gaskill Levied on as the property of J R D Roberts, trustee for wife, to satisfy a tax fee due on a State and County tax fi fa for his tax for the year 1870.

Also, at the same time and place, part of land lot number 91, in the 14th district. The part so levied on is in ward 4, block 134, fronting Houston, Ford and Ellis streets, in the city of Atlanta containing 8 acres, more or less, and adjoining the property of Barten. Levied on as the property of F W Symms, trustee for wife, to satisfy a State and County tax fi fa for his tax for the year 1870. At the above property pointed out by J M Harwell. T. D. August 7, 1871.

W. D. BROWN, Deputy Sheriff.

August 8—wtds Printer's fee $2 50 per levy

A GOOD CHANCE FOR A HOME.

I WILL sell before the Court House door in the town of Newnan, in Coweta county, on the first Tuesday in November next, it being the 7th day of the month beginning at ten o'clock, and continuing until all are sold, my building lying in the fourth District of said county, known as the HARBER PLACE, containing One Thousand Acres.

The said place is well watered, and well timbered, there being about six hundred acres of the same in the woods. I will sell it in tracts and parcels as follows:

First, One hundred acres, upon which are situated the dwelling house, a neat frame building with five rooms thoroughly ceiled, with glass windows, and substantial rock chimneys, with a garden well enclosed, itself containing nearly three acres and capacious Gin House with screw, and new Barn built since the war.

Next, I will sell six hundred acres, in tracts or small lots of Thirty acres each.

I will then sell three hundred acres in parcels, or tracts of from Twenty-five to Forty acres each.

Upon said land, or any part of it, there is an average half there will be water, timber and good building sites.

I shall have each tract accurately surveyed, and the boundaries well defined. I will sell on the following terms:

One-fourth CASH; one-fourth in one year; one-fourth in two years; the balance in three, with interest from date of sale.

Upon any and all these payments except the first, I will take cotton at fifteen cents per pound, (I mean good merchantable cotton such as is usually sold in this market) delivered at Newnan, Georgia.

YOUNG MEN, honest and industrious and all others have now an opportunity to buy HOMES, and pay for them; by their own labor.

Persons desiring more than one tract can have the privilege of purchasing additional parcels. I shall so sell that persons buying can purchase adjacent tracts.

This land will positively be sold on the day these advertised.

Any information can be had, by applying to me or Binion F. Wright, at Newnan, Ga.

W. F. WRIGHT,
Newnan, Ga.

augll-d1awtd

CAMP MEETING

FOR Atlanta Circuit, North Georgia Conference, will commence at Mt. Gilead Camp Ground, Friday Night before the Third Sabbath of this month.

B. J. JOHNSON, Pastor,
Atlanta, September 1, 1871—dtf

Livery Stable at Grantville.

PERSONS wishing to go to Greenville, Franklin or any other point convenient to Grantville, can now get first-class conveyance, at any time, on the arrival of any train, by applying to

SMITH & CLOWER,
Grantville, Ga.

aug8—4tawm

Store and Groceries for Disposal.

A excellent stock of Family Groceries and Fine Liquors, in a desirable stand on Peachtree street, fronting depot. Will sell out for the cash, or exchange for also city property.

JAS. W. SMITH,
Atlanta, Ga.

aug8—3tm

To Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received until Tuesday, 12 m., the 5th of September, (with right to reject any or all bids) to dig and finish three cisterns complete. Two of them to be located in the Fort Ward—one on Peachtree near Courtenay's Saloon, and the other on the corner of Whitehall and Forsyth streets. One in the Fifth Ward in front of the Trimmier House, on Marietta street. All these to be built according to specifications at Rhine & Wilson's Lumber Yard.

R. H. WILSON,
J. C. KIRKPATRICK,
Committee.

aug30—td

Marriage in High Life.—Hanleiter's

Book Bindery and Blank Book Manufactory has been conjoined to, and forms part of, the Plantation Publishing Company's establishment, which is located in the new Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta, corner of Peachtree, and presents a **Terrible Temptation** to all in want of anything in the way of PRINTING, BINDING OR RULING.

aug22-tf

PELL'S RESTAURANT.—This popular resort is still open to the public. Everything nice can be had here. The bar is supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. Confectioneries and fruits of all kind. All orders must be accompanied with the cash.

apr27-d1y

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until Friday, 14 m., the 8 h instant, for the building of a Powder Magazine, to be located on the grounds where the present Magazine now stands. Plans and specifications can be seen until the above date, at the Banking House of Messrs. W. M. & R. J. Lowry.

All bids must be left at the above named Banking House, the Committee claiming the right to receive or reject any or all.

C. W. WELLS,
R. J. LOWRY,
R. A. McLENDON,
Committee.

sept3-d3d Comm. Public Buildings and Grounds.

FOR RENT,

AN ELEGANT DWELLING, convenient to the business part of the city.

Apply to MRS. A. CLAY,
On Loyd, between Fair and Pryor Sts.

sept3—d3t

Do You Want Board near the Center of the City?

GO TO THE FICKEN HOUSE,

Peachtree Street.

THIS very best Board in the city at the LOWEST PRICE for cash in advance.

The rooms are large and airy front rooms, suitable for gentlemen and wife.

The table supplied with the best the market affords.

A large and airy front room, suitable for gentlemen and wife.

sept4—d1w MRS. J. C. WITTER.

Local and Business Notices.

ONE or two Rooms to rent, in a pleasant neighborhood. Apply box 40. sep5d1w.

M. BUICK has the fastest Saw Mill in Upper Georgia. Can fill bills in haste. John Brown (not of Harper's Ferry) is ready to wait upon customers at the yard on Hunter street.

aug10—deod3m

OVER 100,000 of the Collins Steel Plows are in use, and every one who tries them says: "Hereafter I shall always use the 'Collins Plows' in preference to all others."

sep5-d1t

FOR RENT.—A large Store Room in CONSTITUTION Building, on first floor—cheap. Apply at CONSTITUTION Business office.

aug31—dtf

ATTENTION HOUSE KEEPERS.—Prepare for winter, by laying in your supply of coal. Large lump that keeps well all the year, from J. S. WILLSON.

aug 6-sun tus thur 1m

TO PUBLISHERS.—News Ink in twenty-five pound kegs, and upwards, can be had at THE CONSTITUTION office. The Ink is fresh—just from market.

aug30—dtf

J. S. WILLSON sells the Caryville coal. Large lump Bituminous, same as the Coal Creek, out of the same vein, in the same mountain, and only a short distance from the Coal Creek Mines; and as cheap as the cheapest.

aug 6-sun thus thur 1m

I HAVE broken up several long-standing cases of Chills and Fever with Simmons' Liver Regulator. I also find it a great remedy for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease.

J. W. ANSLEY,
Buena Vista, Ga.

sep5-d&w6t

STILL ONWARD AND UPWARD.—The extraordinary increase that has taken place in the sale of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters during the past year, is another proof that an intelligent people, although they may try all things, hold fast only to that which is good. No amount of puffery can lift inferior articles to the position of standard specifics. To use the words of Tom Paine, they may go up like a rocket, but are sure to come down ignominiously like its extinguished stick. Hundreds of such nostrums have gone up and come down since the introduction of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, nearly the fifth of a century ago. Yet it still remains the supreme tonic of the age. It has not, and never has had a rival in efficacy or popularity, and now stands at the head of all proprietary remedies manufactured on this side of the Atlantic. In every civilized community on this continent, or in South America, it is the accepted remedy for dyspepsia, bilious complaints, constipation, general debility, nervous weakness, and many other unpleasant or dangerous maladies. A medicine so widely extended is of course pirated and imitated by dealers without conscience or integrity.

Therefore, let every man and woman who designs to purchase the genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, see to it that they have what they pay for, and not the results of an infamous imposture. Look carefully at label, stamp, and name blown in the glass, and do not forget that the true bitters is sold in bottles only. sep5-deod6t&w1t.

THE LONDON BOARDING HOUSE, BY MRS. W. GRANT.—First-class Boarding House, Whitehall street, between Mitchell and Peters streets.

Day Boarders, per week.....$4 50
Transient, with Lodging..... 1 00

☞ The London is the place to drop in and get a good meal.

Meals at all hours.

aug29—deod1w

LOUIS SAVARESE, wholesale dealer in Fresh and Saltwater Fish of all kinds, Shad, Oysters, Terrapin, Game, Vegetables, Fruit, and other Produce, 115 Bay Lane, Savannah, Georgia. All orders punctually attended to. Terms cash on delivery. Can be found next door to Jno. Peel's Bakery, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

aug29—tf

MCCUTCHEON'S CHEROKEE INDIAN BITTERS.—This valuable Indian Remedy is Tonic, Alterative, Laxative, Bitter, and powerfully Diuretic; a certain Remedy in all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs. We have confirmed these assertions by much experience and very extensive observation, and can therefore recommend it to the sick, with all the confidence which a knowledge of these facts inspires.

For sale by REDWINE & FOX.

aug12—d3m

ONE TRIAL SUFFICES to prove that Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder is superior in every respect to any other ever manufactured. It is put up in ¼, ½, 1 and 5 pound cans, which contain that quantity of powder by actual net weight, while the majority of Baking Powders offered fall short from one-eight to one-half of what is represented. Ask your grocer for Dooley's, and you will not be satisfied with any other. Manufactured by Dooley & Brother, 69 New Street, New York.

aug15—1w

WE are Agents for the Battle Creek Coal Mines, and are prepared to furnish Coal for grates or steam, by car load, delivered in Atlanta, at 2¾ cents per bushel, or at 18 cents on cars at Chattanooga. This Coal is the best offered in our market, and this is the time to buy your Coal for winter.

july7—dtf ANDERSON, PATTON & Co.
Chattanooga, Tenn.

REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT. ON FORMER PRICES.—E

The Daily Constitution.

City and Suburban.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—On Saturday night a train on the Western & Atlantic Railroad ran over a man near Stegall's Station (a station near Cartersville) and killed him instantly. His head was severed from his body. We learn that he was one of the repair hands on the seventh division, named Harrison Fossitt, and that he left Cartersville late Saturday evening intoxicated.

AFFRAY.—A rencontre took place at Decatur late Saturday evening between a shoemaker, named Sizemore, and W. J. Thrasher. Sizemore was dangerously stabbed over the heart in the left breast. Dr. J. C. Avery, his attending physician, pronounces his condition this morning as favorable to recovery. Thrasher received a severe blow on the head, and as he fled Saturday night, it is feared that if he lay out, it might result in the congestion of the brain.

☞ Lizzie A. and B. Gerue, two of the most beautiful girls of the year, fixed their hopes on Henry D., a grand *parti*, from New York. One afternoon Miss Lizzie and the young gentleman walked through the park after an extended stroll, during which much love-making went on, and while passing through the halls of the Grand Union the lady suddenly tottered and fell fainting into the arms of her attendant. It was a bold strike and victory for a moment seemed fastened there. Gertie soon heard of this, and her fertile mind grew tired with scheming. At last a smile grew upon her face. She owns the neatest pony phaeton in Saratoga, and the next day she invited the gentleman to ride. He accepted and met his fate.

The well-trained horse was quietly going on his way, when suddenly the wheel came off, and the pretty Gertie lay fainting on the hard road. The terrified Henry lifted her in his arms and bore her to a convenient farm-house. For two days she refused to recover from the shock. On the third day the remorse of Henry, who was constantly with her, could stand it no longer. He surrendered; she recovered, and soon there is to be a wedding in high life. Now comes the touch of nature. Miss Lizzie forgot her loss in admiration of the grand *coup d'etat*, and has already congratulated her rival upon her brilliant victory.—*Sav. Cor. N. Y. Times.*

☞ Harry Moss is traveling in the interest of the Yazoo City Democrat. At last accounts he was at Vicksburg preparing for a start, and he thus writes about his patent editorial dead-head pants, and other equipments:

Up the side of each leg runs an artificial chalk mark calculated to deceive the sharpest optics, and they are as entirely destitute of pockets as Tatartia is of an opera house. It is said that the crustiest conductor alive—nay, even a stage driver—cannot resist the voiceless appeal of those unsullied stripes and those eloquent blank spaces where pockets ought to be but pockets are not. Mr. Shearer, of the Herald, has placed at my disposal the samehat in which he performed the astonishing feat of making the round trip to Chicago and back, and being able to display on his return the same dollar and ten cents he started with, besides a new silk umbrella and a pair of red topped socks he didn't start with.

GIRLS AT PLAY.—There is hardly another sight in the world, said Hawthorne in one of his romances, so pretty as that of a company of young girls—almost women grown—at play, and so giving themselves up to their airy impulse that their tip-toes barely touch the ground. Girls are so incomparably wilder and effervescent than boys, more untamable, and regardless of rule and limit, with an evershifting variety, breaking continually into new modes or fun, yet with a harmonious propriety through all. Their steps, their voices appear free as the wind, but keep consonance with a strain of music inaudible to us. Young men and boys, on the other hand, play according to recognized law, old traditionary games permitting no caprices of fancy, but with scope enough for the outbreak of savage instincts; for, young or old, in play or in earnest, man is prone to be a brute.

☞ One of the most remarkable wills on record is that of Narcisse Pierrot, an eccentric Parisian, who must have been in a very cheerful state of mind when he executed the document. It reads as follows:

"It is will that any one of my relatives who shall presume to shed tears at my funeral shall be disinherited. He, on the other hand, who laughs the most heartily shall be sole heir. I order that neither the church nor my hearse shall be hung with black cloth; but that, on the day of burial, the hearse and church shall be decorated with flowers and green boughs. Instead of the tolling of bells, I will have drums, fiddles, and fifes. All the musicians of Montgilliard and its environs shall attend the funeral. Fifty of them shall open the procession with hunting tunes, waltzes, and minuets."

HON. B. B. HINTON.—In our travels through various parts of the State, we hear the name of this gentleman frequently spoken of as a suitable candidate for the Presidency of the next Legislature. Mr. Hinton is a gentleman of fine abilities, and one of the most gifted and cultivated men of the present day. His bold and manly course in the last Legislature for the rights of the people of his native State will ever be remembered by a grateful constituency. He is among the oldest in Legislative experience of any member of the Senate, and would make an excellent presiding officer. His election to the position would be hailed with much satisfaction by the people of South West Georgia.—*Sumter Republican.*

☞ Mt. Vernon, Ind., has an interesting "old citizen." The Democrat says: "He will attend a church and listen to the sermon, and that night he will repeat the sermon in his sleep *verbatim et litteratim*. He has been known to listen to lecturers on scientific subjects that he knew no more about than a hog, and would repeat the lecture in his sleep; so with public speeches. He is an illiterate man, using commonplace language, yet, when under the influence of somnambulism, uses the most chaste language."

A CALIFORNIA real estate advertisement: "When the present tenant went on the farm he was not worth a cent, now he is worth five thousand dollars within fifteen months. For price, for location, for wealth-producing land, there cannot be found anything to surpass this in God's universe of creation. We have seen it ourselves, and will not back down from this statement. Terms—Two thousand dollars cash down; the balance on time at a low rate of interest.

☞ A neighboring exchange says that one of the fashions of the seasons is to read over all the advertisements in the paper, and see if all the stores are keeping up with the season and styles. If you miss any familiar name from the list of business men, you can know that they are not keeping up with the times, and are keeping out of sight on this account.

☞ The Philadelphia Press says the struggle among Republicans "over the Gubernatorial nomination in New Jersey is one of bitterest in the political history of that State—too bitter and too closely contested, in fact, to result in anything else than injury to the party." Which is very favorable for the Gubernatorial chair of little Jersey being filled by a Democrat for some time to come.

☞ The French have the best poll-dressers and the most bald-headed men of any people in the world. The Americans have the best dentists and the most bad teeth in the world. The English have the best corn doctors and the most corns of any people in the world. The Germans have the best lager and the fewest drunkards of any people in the world.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

☞ About the strongest propensity in human nature, apart from the purely personal instincts, is the propensity to interfere. Very many people spend their lives in interfering with others, perpetually putting spokes into wheels with which they have really nothing to do, and thrusting their fingers into pies about the baking of which they are not in any way concerned.—*Index.*

☞ The editor of the Greenville Republican says there is in that place nine old bachelors, eight old maids, forty-seven marriageable young ladies (of whom forty are bespoken) and nineteen unengaged young men. Not much encouragement for the immigration of bachelors to that village.

Hotels.

McDOWELL HOUSE,
NEWNAN, GA.
W. M. REYNOLDS,
Owner and Proprietor.
TABLE always supplied with the best the market affords. Board as cheap as anywhere in Georgia. june16—tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
TALLADEGA, ALABAMA.
Colonel R. ROSS, Proprietor.
feb19—dtf

TIBBS HOUSE.
J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
DALTON.....GEORGIA
aug1-dtf.

1871. SIMS HOUSE, 1871.
BY P. B. HALL.
LAGRANGE.....GEORGIA
jan7—dtf

PYE HOUSE,
NEW ROME,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
ED. CALLOWAY, Clerk. W. H. WILSON, Proprietor.
oct20-dtf

SNELLING HOUSE,
GREENESBORO.....GEORGIA
By Mrs. J. A. SNELLING.
MEALS at all hours. Porters will attend the trains regularly. feb13-dtf

BARTOW HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor.
NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters; clean rooms.
aug12-dtf

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,
KINGSTON.....GEORGIA
june13-dtf

NATIONAL HOTEL
J. F. EAVES, Proprietor
Railroad Avenue, near the Depot,
CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE.
nov27—dly

BACON HOUSE,
LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA
JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.
A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA.....GEORGIA
HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for.
june20-dtf FLETCHER & FREYER

CHOICE HOTEL
Corner Broad and Bridge Streets.
ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.
Situated in the business part of the city.
Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.
dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

Hammett House,
JONESBORO.....GEORGIA.
THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is convenient to the central part of the town. The house has been remodelled and refitted, and the table will always be supplied with the best fare which the market affords. The Proprietor will spare no pains or expense to please his patrons. Mrs. Hammett, (formerly Mrs. Watkins, of Palmetto,) is connected with the house, and would be pleased to see her old friends.
aug22— jan15—dtf

RAILROAD EATING HOUSE,
GRANTVILLE.....GEORGIA.
THE traveling public over the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, will find a very desirable and well kept HOTEL at the above place, and which cannot be surpassed in point of good living.
Mr. J. G. Trammell, the Proprietor, assisted by his estimable lady, has had an experience of over thirty years in Hotel keeping, and they are determined to spare no pains or expense to give entire satisfaction.
may22-dtf

TENNESSEE HOUSE,
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel is located within Twenty Steps of the Railroad Platform, and convenient to the business portion of town. Servants polite and attentive to their respective duties. All baggage handled free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed.
jan29-dtf

HEARD HOUSE,
LaGrange.....Georgia
BY GEORGE C. HEARD.
THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-dtf

ECKLES HOUSE
AND
LIVERY STABLE,
SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.
Rates of Board:

Single Meal	50 cents	Per Day	$ 2 00
Per Week	$8 00	Per Month	20 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9 dtf

CAMP HOUSE,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
MR. J. B. CAMP having withdrawn from the management of the PYE HOUSE, and taken charge of THE PROCTOR HOUSE, would inform his friends and former patrons in all parts of the country, and the traveling public generally, that he is prepared to give ample accommodation and satisfaction to all who may make his Hotel their headquarters. The house has been substantially refitted and improved, and will now compare with the best.
A Stage Line to Indian Springs connects with this House and there is also a livery and sale stable attached. Travelers will find at this house a regular Old Virginia Welcome. J. B. CAMP, Proprietor.
oct30-dtf

PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
THE undersigned has taken charge of the above house and takes this method of informing the traveling public, that the house has been thoroughly renovated and refitted in every department, and he is determined that his table shall be supplied with all the luxuries the market will afford, that no pains nor money will be spared to render his guests comfortable, pleasant and happy while they remain with him. Competent and polite servants will attend his table, and efficient porter will be in attendance at the arrival of each train of cars. He only asks the traveling public to give him a call to be convinced. When the train arrives, hand your checks to the PYE HOUSE porter. Adjoining the house I will have a Bathing Saloon, hot or cold, at all hours.
WILLIAM SCARBROUGH, Proprietor.
june16-d3m

GLOBE HOTEL,
LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,
HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.
Travelers will find at this House a regular
OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,
And board as cheap as could be asked for.
The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.
Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.
I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
june9-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

KING HOUSE,
STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.,
On the Georgia Railroad, 16 miles from Atlanta.
THE above new and elegant Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and is now open to the public. The house is elegantly fitted up, and every arrangement has been made which can conduce to the comfort of guests. As a
Summer Resort
no place in the South is superior; situated at the foot of Stone Mountain, perhaps the greatest natural curiosity in the United States, with grand scenery, fine water, including a
MINERAL SPRING,
an analysis of which shows it to possess wonderful healing properties. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests, and the table supplied with the very best the market affords. Trains leave Atlanta for Stone Mountain twice every day and return. As a point for Excursions from Atlanta, and all towns along the Georgia Railroad, it offers superior inducements, or as a boarding place for those desiring to be away from the heat and dust of the city, and still be near to business.
RATES OF BOARD:
Per day $3 00; per week 15 00; per month $40 00.
Special arrangements made with families, according to number, and age of children, etc.
MRS. A. S. WHITE, Proprietress,
E. T. WHITE, Manager. apr26-dtf

A. J. HARALSON,
COR. MARIETTA AND BROAD STREETS,
General Auction
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture.
Consignments solicited. Cash advances on Consignments for AUCTION in store.
REFERENCES—Gordon, Willis & Co., Bankers, Wall street, Atlanta, Georgia. aug18-dlm

DISSOLUTION.
THIS firm of E. Andrews & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. ANDREWS,
Atlanta, July 1, 1871. S. S. MAY.
The business will be continued under the name and firm of C. P. May & Co., at the Old Stand, No. 72 Whitehall street. We shall keep a full stock of Saddles, Harness and Saddlery Hardware, and solicit the patronage of the citizens of Atlanta, Ga.
C. P. MAY & CO.
All bills due the firm of E. Andrews & Co., will be settled by the new firm. july5-tf

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia,
535 Broadway, New York.
OPTICIANS, MATHEMATICAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND IMPORTERS.
Spectacles, Microscopes, Spy Glasses, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Botanical Glasses, Drawing Instruments of Brass and German Silver, Surveying Compasses, Engineers' Transits and Levels, Chains, Tape Measures, Drawing Paper, and Drawing materials of all descriptions.
Magic Lanterns and Slides, Thermometers, Barometers, Globes, Electric Machines, Rhumakof Coils, Air Pumps, Galvanic Apparatus, &c., &c.
The following Manuals sent on receipt of 10 cents for each part:
Part 1. Mathematical Instruments, 155 pages.
" 2. Optical " 100 "
" 3. Magic Lanterns " 96 "
" 4. Philosophical Instruments, 66 "
june14-d3mo

MERCHANTS,
Buy Your Crockery and Glass,
No. 47 Peachtree Street,
—FROM—
T. R. RIPLEY,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER.
Established Twenty-One Years.
KEEPS a large stock. Occupies three floors 120 by 30 feet.
Inducements offered to Cash buyers equal to any market. aug3-d3m

Bale's Auction House,
ROME.....GEORGIA.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Returns made as desired. J. A. BALE, Proprietor.
REFERENCES—J. H. James, Banker, Atlanta; Meador & Bro., Atlanta; Silvey & Dougherty, Atlanta; Moore & March, Atlanta; Cox & Hill, Atlanta, Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

GEO. N. LESTER, Marietta, Ga. WM. S. THOMSON, Atlanta, Ga.
LESTER & THOMSON,
Attorneys at Law,
ATLANTA, - - - - - - GEORGIA,
WILL give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.
OFFICE—In "The H. I. Kimball House," Nos. 16 and 18, directly over H. I. Kimball's office, fronting on the Railroad.
Geo. N. Lester will continue to reside at Marietta, and will attend the courts as heretofore, but will generally be AT THE OFFICE. march3-dtf

Blue Mountain Route
VIA
SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD,
AND
Its Connections.
PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6:20 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome 11:20 P. M., making close connections with mail train of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma 10:30 A. M., and at Montgomery, via South and North Alabama Railroad at 10:15 A. M.
The road has been recently equipped, and the equipment is all entirely new. Coaches not surpassed by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.
Pullman's Palace Cars
Run through from Rome to Montgomery without change. Passengers for Montgomery, Selma and points beyond, arriving in Atlanta by evening trains.
AVOID A NIGHT'S DELAY
in Atlanta by taking this route.
This is the only line out of Atlanta making close and direct connections via Meridian to Jackson, Vicksburg, Monroe and other points in North Louisiana.
Purchase tickets via Kingston at General Ticket office.
☞ BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH ☜
Fare to all points as low as by any other route.
E. G. BARNEY, General Sup't.
JOHN B. PECK, Gen. Pass'r. Agent may30-dtf

Buy the Rust Proof Oat
FOR SEED.
200 BUSHELS FOR SALE BY
ECHOLS & WILSON,
Broad Street (by the Bridge,)
aug22—dlm Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN LEIPZR. E. P. MENEFEE.
Established 1850.
LEIPER & MENEFEE,
Near the Railroad Depot,
MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Produce, Bacon, Lard, Wheat, Corn, Etc., Etc.
Agents for the purchase of COTTON.
WAREHOUSE
Immediately on Track Railroad.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
Can Store, (if need be, for Parties,)
100,000 bushels of Grain.
And keep it in bins, thus saving Sacking, Ratage and Waste in Storage.
Having opened an office in St. Louis, Mo., our Mr. LEIPER will remain there during the season, for the purpose of filling orders for Wheat, Corn, Bacon, and all other Produce.
Office—No. 18 South Commercial street, St. Louis. feb20-ditjan1, '72

W. T. ARCHER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Furniture, Mattresses,
LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.
sept2-dtf 82 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Commissioners' Sale.
WILL be sold at public outcry, before the Court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:
All that city store house and lot, situated in said city and county, and known as ROARK CORNER, the same situated, lying and being on the corner of Whitehall and Mitchell streets, in said city, and having a front of thirty-seven feet, more or less, on Mitchell street, and running back from said Mitchell street the same width, one hundred and ten feet, more or less, on Whitehall street. Sold for the purpose of division among the Common owners of said store house and lot, under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of said county directing us to make said sale. This 31st July, 1871.
G. T. DODD,
T. J. HIGHTOWER, } Commissioners.
W. R. PHILLIPS,
aug6—dlm

Southern Terra Cotta Works.
THE undersigned are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta work, of the most approved patterns and designs. They will make it to the interest of all parties wishing articles in their line to call on them and encourage their new enterprise, and will guarantee to furnish such articles at lower rates than they can be obtained at any other manufactory in the Southern country. Window Caps, Flower Vases, Fountains, Brackets, Madelion, etc., ALL SIZES VITRIFIED STONE SEWER PIPE always on hand.
All are especially invited to call and see our works. Samples to be seen at the factory on old Race Track street, near Barracks. PELLEGRINI,
apr19—d1m E. GIORGI.

A CARD.
THE undersigned respectfully announces to the public that having withdrawn from the old firm of E. Andrews & Co., he will remain with the firm of C. P. May & Co., where he will be pleased to serve his old friends, and as many new ones as may honor him and the new firm with their confidence, and where will be found a large assortment of goods and findings in our line. Respectfully, E. ANDREWS.
july4-dtf

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS.
SAIL, every Wednesday and Saturday, to and from
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW,
Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.
The steamers of this favorite line are built expressly for the Atlantic Passenger Trade, and fitted up in every respect with all the modern improvements calculated to insure the safety, comfort, and convenience of passengers.
Passage Rates, Payable in Currency, to Glasgow, Liverpool and Londonderry:
First Cabin, $65 and $75, according to Location.
Cabin Return Tickets, $130, securing best accommodations.
Intermediate, $45. Steerage, $28.
Parties sending for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y., or to V. DUNNING, Sleeping Car Office, Atlanta, Ga. Responsible Agents wanted in town and country. june14-d wkm.

CATALOGUES GOTTEN UP IN THE MOST improved style at THE CONSTITUTION Office.

GRANTVILLE, Ga., April 7, 1871.
Messrs. McBride & Co., Atlanta, Ga:
We have just marked the Crockery, etc. We are pleased with the Mil. Allow us to congratulate you on securing such a good packer—scarcely a piece broken.
Fill the order for Cutlery at lowest prices.
Truly yours,
GARRETT & ZELLERS.

McBride & Co.,
Manufacturers' Agents
FOR
FRUIT JARS,
Cheapest first-class Jars in the Market.

And all Standard Jars, Strictly at Manufacturers' Prices.
500 Crates Assorted Granite, etc.,
Ware exactly suited to wants of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
Our Own Importation,
IN
ORIGINAL PACKAGE,
contain no
High-Priced Dishes,
OR
UNSALEABLE GOODS.
Will sell for net CASH for $80 per Crate.
apr8-dtf

FIRST PREMIUM
Awarded at Cotton States Fair, Augusta,

Thomasville Fair, and all Southern Fairs where Exhibited,
1870!
THE SINGER
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,
CONSTITUTED by the homes of the people, received the Great Award of the Highest Sales, and have left all rivals far behind them, for they sold in 1870, One Hundred and Twenty-seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three Machines.
The Singer Manufacturing Company sold over the Florence Sewing Machine Company..... 116,173 Machines.
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine Company..... 98,943 "
Sold over the Weed Sewing Machine Company..... 92,881 "
Sold over the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company..... 70,431 "
Sold over the Howe Machine Company..... 52,677 "
Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company..... 44,625 "
It is the most simple and easily regulated Machine now in use.
The shuttle gives an even tension from the full to the empty bobbin.
Makes the most durable, elastic and smooth stitch.
Stitching the softest muslin without drawing it into the feed, and from that to heavy cloth or leather without changing the tension, making it capable of a greater range of work than any other machine made.
We use the straight needle, and it will do more and finer work than the curved needles.
The work moves from you instead of sideways, which is much easier to manage.
For speed and ease of operation it is unequaled.
Our machinery is all protected from dust.
Our corder, tucker, gatherer, quilter, trimmer, fringer, binder, hemmer, braider, feller and embroidery attachment are simple and easily used.
We have the best of silks of our own manufacture at wholesale and retail, of all colors and numbers.
We will place the Singer in your family for a trial with any machine you may wish to try with it.
The sales of our New Family Sewing Machine is steadily increasing, showing its popularity.
The new No. 1 Machine for Tailors and Bootmakers is the best in the market.
Examine before purchasing.
Are now sold on easy terms at the Atlanta Agency.
R. T. SMILLIE, Local Agent,
Corner of S. Broad and W. Alabama streets.
Agents wanted everywhere.
Silk Thread, Needles, Oil, etc., always on hand.
Stitching neatly done.
H. D. HAWLEY,
General Agent for Georgia, South Carolina and Florida. may13-1y

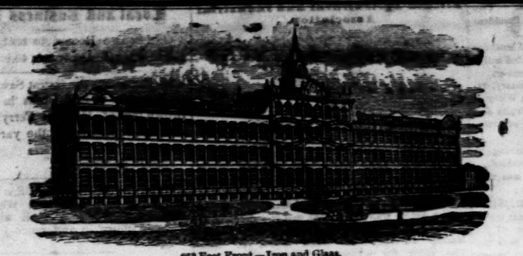
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!
LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. In digestion, or want of action in the Liver, causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits, or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms, SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, and can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch for its virtues, viz:
Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia.
Bishop Pierce, of Georgia.
Jno. Gill Shorter, ex Governor of Alabama.
Gen. John B. Gordon.
R. L. Mott, of Columbus, Ga.
are among the hundreds of whom we can refer to.
Price, $1.00. By mail, postage prepaid, $1.20.
Manufactured only by
J. H. ZELIN & CO.,
Macon, Georgia.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
april23—d&wly

A Beautiful House and Lot
FOR SALE.
DESIROUS of changing my business, I have concluded to sell my residence in the flourishing town of Conyers, on the Georgia Railroad.
My place consists of twelve (12) acres of Land, an excellent well of water, all necessary out buildings, one-half acre of land in a vineyard, and one of the best apple orchards in Middle Georgia.
A more desirable or beautiful residence cannot be found in this part of the State.
Terms easy and reasonable. Apply to
july21-d2m E. P. EDWARDS, Conyers, Ga.

SPRING VILLA
FISH NURSERY.
HAVING arranged with MR. WILLIAM GESNER to supervise the whole matter of propagating packing and transporting eggs and adult or fry fish, addressed to him at Tuscumbia, Lee county, Alabama, will be promptly filled in any or all of the following varieties, with a guarantee of their genuineness, and instructions in hatching or raising them:
Trout, Bream, Perch, in all their varieties, Bass and Red Horse.
apr11-d2m WM. PENN YOUNG.

R. P. LEE. J. W. HIGHTOWER.
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,
Griffin, Georgia,
LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors
PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the season, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS.
Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.
apr25—dtf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Utica, Feb. 14, 1870.

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